CYCLES B. S. A. RALEIGH INVICTA, ROYAL WEST END, SINGER. Special Easton-on-
Humber with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324 nett, all complete.
Full particulars supplied free.
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The Bombay Chronicle

CYCLES B. S. A. RALEIGH INVICTA, ROYAL WEST END, SINGER. Special Easton-on-
Humber with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324 nett, all complete.
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FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. X. NO. 240 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1922. TWO ANNAS.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing MS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

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The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.,) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 6 p.m.

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DAILY EDITION.

	Local.	Mofussil
YEARLY	Rs. 30	Rs. 35
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QUARTERLY	,, 8	,, 9
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WONDER OF THE WORLD.

If your hair is white or grey why feel shy nor feel depressed.
I have prepared an oil Muzferi Kulph which will turn your white hair dark natural black at once.

MANY HAVE USED IT.

Try once sample box, Re. 1-9-0, Big bottle Rs. 3-5-0.
Write:—
HAZRAT MAWLANA HAJI PIR SYED NURSHA HAMDANI
NURSHAH HAMDANI BUILDING,
Memonwada Road, P. No. 1 BOMBAY.

HOTELS.

Tel. 2710. *Telegraphic*:—"LODGE."
THE ONLY BEST AND COMFORTABLE HOME.
FOR RAJAHS AND HIGH CLASS HINDU FAMILIES.
Shri Narsinh Hindu Lodge
WITHAL SAVANA BUILDING, LOHAR CHAWL
Decent boarding and lodging accommodation guaranteed

For charges:—	Monthly	Daily
Special Class for kings	200—0	10—0—0
1st Class	75—100	5—0—0
2nd Class	50—70	3—8—0
		3—0—0
		2—8—0

STUDENTS GRANTED FOR CONCESSION UPPER CLASS.

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA
(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamer.	Tons.
14th Oct. ..	MACEDONIA x	11,089
21st ,, ..	DELTA	8,097
28th ,, ..	CHINA	7,952
4th November	KASHMIR	8,841
11th ,, ..	MANTUA x	10,902
18th ,, ..	MOREA	10,911
25th ,, ..	MALWA	10,941
2nd December	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
9th ,, ..	NARKUNDA *	16,227
16th ,, ..	CALEDONIA	7,622
23rd ,, ..	KARMALA x	9,098
30th ,, ..	KHIVA	9,097
1923		
6th January ..	MOLDAVIA *	15,100
13th ,, ..	CHINA	7,952
20th ,, ..	MANTUA	10,902
27th ,, ..	NALDERA *	15,825
3rd February	MALWA	10,941
10th ,, ..	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
17th ,, ..	DONGOLA	8,033
24th ,, ..	MACEDONIA *	14,089

* Through steamers from Australia have only limited accommodation for passengers from India.
x Through steamers from China.

P. AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.—A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Bologna shortly after the mail steamer's arrival

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

Date. About	Steamer.	Tns.
1922.		
27th October ..	MARGHA	8,258
10th November	MALDA	8,600
24th ,, ..	NEVASA	9,071
8th December	MATIANA	8,600
22nd ,, ..	MULBERA	9,100
1923		
5th January ..	MASHOBRA	8,324
19th ,, ..	A steamer	.. ..
2nd Februhry-	,,	.. ..
16th ,, ..	,,	.. ..

SAILINGS TO STRAITS AND CHINA

About		
,, 27th Oct.	SOUDAN	
,, 2nd November	KASHGAR	
,, 25th ,,	SICILIA	
,, 16th December.	MACEDONIA	Connects at Colombo with s.s. Nellore.
,, 31st ,, 1923	SOUDAN	
,, 12th January.	MOREA	Connects at Colombo with s.s. Kalyan.
,, 9th February.	NARKUNDA	Connects at Colombo with s.s. Khyber.

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Date.	Steamer.	Tons.
24th November	NALDERA	15,825
15th December	MACEDONIA	11,089
12th January.	MOREA	10,911
9th February.	NARKUNDA	16,227

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF

Date About	Steamers	Destination
12th Oct. ..	BANDRA ..	P. Gulf via Karachi
13th ,, ..	VARSOVA ..	Bussrah via Karachi
16th ,, ..	VITA ..	Karachi via Coast
18th ,, ..	KARAPARA ..	East & SouthAfrica

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE and Co
Nicol Insce. Fort, Bombay
P. O. Box 122

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANTS MARINE, LIMITED.
AND
B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE.
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.
Terms Rate of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
18, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 169.
Telephone No. 1230.

SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
Regular Service to Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons	Arrival.	Dep.
KamakuraMaru	J. Fujisawa	1843	4 Oct	4 Oct
Sanuki Maru	M. Tomita	1,372	13 Oct.	25 Oct
Awa Maru ..	J. Saito	1,038	27 Oct	10 Nov
Tamba Maru ..	N. Wada	1,375	11 Nov.	25 Nov

All steamers, equipped with every comfort, are fitted with electric lights and fans in every cabin free of charge and wireless telegraphy. A qualified Surgeon and specially trained Chefs carried.
For particulars, apply to—
Y. YOSHIDA, Manager.
Telephone No. 879, 4263.
Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

Fortnightly sailings between Bombay, Karachi and Calcutta, Burma calling at Galle, Tuticorin, Colombo and other coast ports according to demand.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing about.
S.S "Jalaputra" ..	8310	October 1922.
S. S. "Jalavijaya" ..	7250	October 1922.
S. S. "Jalatarang" ..	4287	October 1922

For freight and other particulars apply to NAROTTAM MORAJEE & CO.,
Agents.
Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO.
(NATIONAL OVERSEAS BANK.)
ESTABLISHED 1864.
Authorised Cap. Esc. 48,000,000 $00—£10,953,000
Paid-up Capital Esc. 24,000,000 $00—£ 5,328,000
Reserved Fund Esc. 27,200,000 $00—£ 6,038,400
(At Par Exchange.)
HEAD OFFICE: LISBON.
STATE BANK OF PORTUGUESE COLONIES.
BOMBAY OFFICE: Bombay Club Building, Esplanade Road.
BRANCHES.
LONDON: NEW YORK:
27b, Throgmorton Street, 91, Liberty Street,
PARIS:
9, Rue de Helder.
BRAZIL:—Rio de Janeiro, Campos, S. Paulo, Pernambucco, do Norte Para, Manaos.
PORTUGAL:—Aveiro, Beja Braganca, Castelo Branco, Coimbra, Covilha, Evora, Faro, Figueira, da Foz, Guarda, Guimaracs, Leiria, Olhao, Nortalegre, Potimao, Porto, Santarem os Montes Mizeu.
ADJACENT ISLANDS:—Punchal (Madeira), Ponta Delgada, (S. Miguel Acores), Angra do Heroismo (Acores).
WEST AFRICA:—S. Vincente and S. Tiago (Cape Vert) Eissau and Bolama (Guinea), Kinshassa (Belgian Congo), S. Thomo, Principe, Cabinda, Loanda, Malango, Novo Redondo, Lobito, Benguela, Belmonte (Bihe), Mossamedes, Lubango.
EAST AFRICA:—Lourenco Marques Inhambane, Beira Chinde, Tete, Quclimane, Mocambique Ibo.
INDIA:—Mormugao and Nova-Goa.
CHINA:—Macau, TIMOR:—Dili.
Over 3,000 Correspondents in all Important Commercial Centres of the World.
Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.
C. de SEABRA,
Acting Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882.)
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... ,, 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,, 72,50,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY.
Manager.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF MORVI, LTD.
(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)
HEAD OFFICE: Fort, Bombay.
BRANCHES—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital ..... ,, 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls ,, 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds ..... ,, 89,000
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 3 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Received at 4 per cent.
STERLING DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCK and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.
All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
C. I. PAREKH & CO.,
Agents.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL 5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 3,97,61,500
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 31-3-22 ... 59,82,112/8
HEAD OFFICE.
62-68, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
SUB-BRANCHES.
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS.
THE LONDON COUNTRY WESTMINISTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES upto Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS.—Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOAN AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.
General Banking and exchange business of every description transacted.
T. C. ANDERSON,
General Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3.
BRANCHES:

Amara	Calcutta
Baghdad	Colombo
Bahrein	Madras
Basrah	Mosul
Bombay	

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £999,844
Reserve Fund £300,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,000,156
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-wood. K. B. E., C.B., C. M. G, Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Brt.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Meyer Sassoon, Esq.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
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Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.
L. F. TUCKER.
Manager.

KATOL
STICKS.
Destroys Mosquitoes. Rs. 1-8 per box.
A. H. NASER & CO.,
Princess Street, BOMBAY.
Can be had from all Chemists and Druggists.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED
(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 65,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angelos	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Singapore
Darien	Nagasaki	Shimonoseki
Frengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 10,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
H. YAMAZAKI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 207.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895.
HEAD OFFICE LAHORE.

	Rs.
Capital Authorised	100,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid-up	25,80,130
Reserved Fund	18,00,000

Amritsar	Hapur	Ludhiana
Amballa City	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Amballa Cant	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Montgomery
Bombay	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Quetta
Delhi	Karachi	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Rahon
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gojra		Srinagar

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to—
DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

BANK OF BARODA, LD.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of
H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.)
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 29,90,390
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 18,00,000
HEAD OFFICE:
Mandvi, Baroda.
BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Meshna, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad Patan and Amreli.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E., (Chairman, Bombay.)
Sir Vithaldas Damodar Thackersey, Knight (Bombay).
Gunajrao R., Nimbalker, Esq., B.A., (Sub-Subha Baroda State).
Rai Ratna Sheth Maganbhai P. Haribhakti (Nagar Sheth, Baroda).
Sheth Durgaprasad Shambhaprasad Lashkari (Mill Agent, Ahmedabad).
Bhaskarro Vithaldas Mehta, Esq., M.A., LL.B., Advocate.
Bhaskarrao H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A., LL.B., Advocate.
Maganlal H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A., (Agent, the Maharaja Mills Co., Ltd., Barada)
Raoji Raghunath Shirgaokar, Esq., B.A., LL.B., (Naiba Suba, Baroda State).
Anant Narayan Datar, Esq., (Accountant-General Borada State).
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Re. 1 per half year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rates on application.
C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

INSURANCE

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LD.
113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN.
MAHOMEDBHOY CURRIMBHOY, ESQRE.
Attractive Plans for Life Insurance with lowest rates and with special advantages.
For particulars apply to—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. LTD.
(Incorporated in India 1907)
MARTIN & CO. Managing Agents
Insure under an Endowment Policy
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums—The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs earlier.
NO VEXATIOUS CONDITIONS A SIMPLE CONTRACT.—PROMPT PAYMENT
For all particulars and forms apply to
W. ST. JOHN CHURCH, Resident Manager
CALCUTTA.
HEAD OFFICE 5/7 Clive St., CALCUTTA
OR, BRANCH SECRETARY, EXAMINER PRESS BUILDING, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.
HEAD OFFICE:
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA
A PROGRESSIVE INDIAN LIFE OFFICE

	Rs.
Total Invested Funds Exceed	34,00,000
Total Claims Paid over	10,00,000
New Business—1921	35,00,000
New Business—Jan. to Aug., 1922 ...	36,20,000

A "National" Policy combines all that is best and latest for Life Assurance Prospectus. A specimen Policy form is enclosed with every Prospectus which will amply repay perusal.
For forms, Agencies, etc., apply to:
J. A. KIMBER, General Manager. S. N. BANERJEA, Secretary.
or
Messrs. DHURANDHAR BROTHERS, Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency, C. P. and C. I.
Esufally Buildings,
Opposite W. & A. Graham & Company,
Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

According to the Government of India Insurance Blue Book.
The Oldest Life Office of Bengal.
THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LD.
Established 1897.
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 2,00,000.
Government of Bengal (Official Trustee) the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.
LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
This is the only policy-holders' office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before insuring elsewhere.
For particulars apply to—
J. C. BOSE
The Secretary or The Chief Agents,
309, Bowbazar Street,
Calcutta.
309, Bowbazar Street,
Calcutta.
Agency Applications Invited.

KATOL
THE BEST INSECTICIDE POWDER.
Annas 14 per tin.
A. H. NASER & CO.,
Princess Street, Bombay.
Can be had from all Chemists and Druggists.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A TYPIST with perfect business office knowledge. Shorthand preferred. Apply immediately with application personally written. PHIL. TREVOR & CO., 57 Great Western Building, Fort.
A R5148

WANTED.—A SENIOR PROFESSOR of Philosophy to teach B. A. Honours classes. Starting pay between Rs. 175 and Rs. 250 per month. Apply sharp with full testimonials to the Principal Rajaram College, Kolhapur.
A 4543

WANTED, Experienced and educated SALESMEN for Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and elsewhere of Flour Mill production: Apply stating qualifications and giving reference to. The PUNJAB, COTTON PRESS, CO., LD., 7, Ferozepore Road, LAHORE.
A R5051

WANTED—First Class FOREMAN, must be thoroughly acquainted with routine of Workshops and repairs to heavy Cement Mill Machinery. Salary Rs: 200/250 according to ability. Apply giving full particulars with references to THE GWALIOR CEMENT CO., LD., Kamala Buildings, Lashkar, Gwalior.
A 14552

WANTED.—English knowing experienced CORRESPONDENT CLERKS, knowledge of Shorthand, Typewriting and Accountancy required Gujaratis preferred. Apply personally:—DOLATRAM KASHIRAM & Co., Raval Buildings, Lamington Road, Bombay 4.
A R5132

WANTED—STUDENTS to Master Hindi within 2 months by studying "How to Learn Hindi".* Highly spoken of by "Hindu," "Bombay Chronicle," Swami Shradhanand, Dr. Subramani Iyer. "If one book one has been seeking," write many. Price Re. 1 (Postage extra). SHA JAVERCHAND & CO., Swadeshi Swadeshi Bhandar, Chickpett, Bangalore City.
A R1685

WANTED—JUNIOR CLERKS, Account Clerks, and Clerks to see MANAGER, STANDARD TYPEWRIER CO., at 259/261, Hornby Road, Opp. Cox and Co., to learn Pitman's Phonetic Shorthand and Typewriting by Touch System (Blind or Sight) at exceptionally Moderate Rates. Time:—8 in the morning till 8 in the evening. Individual Tuition. Success Guaranteed. Enrolment Daily. Also special English Classes every evening.
A

SITUATIONS WANTED

AN UNDERGRADUATE from Aligarh open for engagement to teach Persian or Urdu (Hindoostani) to Europeans or School students. Write to Box N. 8609, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R5153.

RESPECTABLE GENTLEMAN, well-experienced in Marine Insurance, Accounts and Banking work with testimonials, seeks for an employment on Salary of Rs. 150 or upwards per mensem. Apply Box No. 8595 Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R5113

AN intelligent young man (having vast experience of Reinforced Cement Concrete, Building and Sanitary Works), is willing to undertake any kind of Piece work job in small or large scale. Is also willing to skillfully supervise works on monthly salary. For further particulars please communicate. C/o. Satvant, Lal, 93 Vallabh Terrace Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY.
E R5137

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO LET—Big pucca built GODOWNS to let at "Homjee Hall", Mazagon Road, near St. Apply owner there.
C R5075

BLOCKS with modern comforts TO BE LET for Hindus 5 minutes' walk from Grant Road Station, (West), Tardeo Road, Motibai Street.—Apply to Mr. DONGRE.
C R5126

TO BE LET in Poona, near the Bund Gardens, one roomy BUNGALOW with four bed rooms, kitchen, garage, electric fittings etc. Apply Box No. 8604, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C R5144

TO BE LET.—OFFICE PREMISES at Hornby Road. Apply to Messrs. DHARAMSI DADACHANJI AND CO., Solicitors, 23, Medows Street.
C R14512

TO LET—At Santa Cruz, three rooms and kitchen for vegetarians. Six minutes' walk from station. Rs. 55. Apply Box No. 8606, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle"
C R5147

UP-TO-DATE OFFICES TO LET—in Elphinstone Circle, third floor; Lift available. Apply DEVKARAN NANJEE AND SONS, 17, Elphinstone Circle.
C R5063

TO LET—1st floor of building at 25 Hornby Road, above Vafiadis & Co., with electric lift and light, Apply OWNERS, Fourth floor.
C R5120

CHAGLA MANZIL—TO BE LET Ground Floor, a spacious Bungalow, at Reynold's Road, Byculla. Apply ALLIBHAI CHAGLA & CO., Kharek Bazar, Mandvi.
C R5095

TO BE LET.—LAL BUNGALOW at Andheri Gundoli Road, walk ten minutes from station. Apply telephone No. 3836, or Box No. 8572, Advt. Dept, "Bombay Chronicle."
C R5083

TO LET—In the most central place at Girgaum, a spacious SHOP is to be let for stationery mart or for any decent business. Rent from Rs. 100 to Rs. 125. For full details write to Box No. 8605, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C R5145

TO LET new up-to-date BUILDINGS with Electric Lift at Rampart Row, Fort, suitable for Banks, Shops, Showrooms and offices. Apply to HAJI SULTANALY SHUSHTARY & CO., 18, Rampart Row, Fort.
C R5054

TO LET IMMEDIATELY at 125 Soparibag Road opposite G. I. P. Railway Institute "Vasant Building" 1st, 2nd and 3rd floors, each of two BLOCKS with 4 rooms, separate baths, kitchen and two W. C. Up-to-date sanitary and electric fittings. Moderate rents. Apply within
C R5084

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO LET—Lonavla.—"BARAMETER VIEW," 'A', 'B', and 'C' bungalows, completely furnished. Apply PHIROZE COOVERJI MISTRY, Daruwala Building, Balaram Street, Grant Road.
C R5142

TO LET—Sir P. M. Mehta's BUNGALOW at Deolali with costly furniture, etc. Rent Rs. 600 per month. Apply Box No. 8595, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C C14555

TO LET.—Newly built GARAGES in Victoria 3rd Cross Lane at moderate rents. Suitable for Byculla and Mazagaon Residents. Please apply personally to BHAWOO KASHINATH AND CO., near Sound Temple on Sandhurst Road, off Null Bazaar, or 'phone 1339.
C R5015

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

FOR SALE AND HIRE—Household office room, drawing room furnitures at reasonable terms. Apply ADAM SAJAN & CO. 184, Nagdevi Street, next to Mandvi Post Bombay.

WANTED FURNITURES in small lots or large quantity. Good opportunity for those breaking their houses. Apply Post Box 1498, Bombay.

FRUITS, FLOWERS, SEEDS,

LATEST DELICIOUS MANGOES—Very sweet and agreeable mangoes at Rs. 9 per 100, Rs. 5 for 50, Genuine and healthiest. Langra, Bombay and Kishenbhog mangoes and Lichi graft at Rs. 13 per dozen. Pkg. freight extra. Price with order essential Catalogue of plants sent on one anna Stamp. SUPDT. DARBHANGA ESTATE GARDEN, No. 5, Darbhanga.
GA C13993

JAPANESE PERSIMMONS 9 lbs nett for Rs. 5/4 all charges included, the Chinese eat this delicious fruit as an aphrodisiac. CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Panjab.
18434

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One GINNING FACTORY of 18 Platt Bros. single roller gins with steam engine boiler, in good working order. Apply for full particulars, etc., to MANAGER SULAKHE GINNING BARSI.
G R5091

MOTOR & ACCESSORIES

MOTOR CARS FOR HIRE—Daily, monthly or weekly. Terms very reasonable. Book your order from now for Diwali Holidays. Apply Box No. 8566, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
JA R5017

MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc.,

FOR SALE—Rare Opportunity; slight used, complete Saw Mill, containing Horizental and Vertical Log Saws, Benches, new 18 ins. and 14 ins. Grinding Mills; 1 Electric Motor A. C. 260 B. H. P. Apply ASIAN TRADING COMPANY, Shandhurst Road, Bombay.
K

FOR SALE.—Two New Portable STEAM ENGINES. 10 N. H. P. 100 lbs. pressure. Immediate Sale for rates cheapest. Please promptly apply:—MAGANLAL D. DESAI. Tawawalla Building, Lohar chawl, Bombay.
K R5133

FOR SALE—New and Second-hand SEMI DIESEL ENGINE, 40, 55, 80, 100, 165 by Sulzer, Nat, Coats. 400 B. H. P. Special Semi Diesel Oil Engine by "Krupp" Berlin, Rs. 40,000, second-hand; oher makers Crude Oil Engines B. H. P. 8/40. Apply ASIAN TRADING CO., Shandhurst Rd., Bombay.
K

WANTED.—DYNAMO of 50 lamps 50 C. P. each complete with lamps wiring and necessary fittings and an oil engine to drive the above dynamo either separate or combined communicate sharp R. B. Narsingdas Mohota Wardha.
K R5089

FOR SALE—New and Second-hand Power and hand-looms, Winding, Warping, Finishing, Sizing, Chemical Washers, Dobbies, Jack Guard Dobbies; Folding Machines, etc. Apply ASIAN TRADING CO., Sandhurst Rd., Bombay.
K

FOR SALE—PLATT BROS SINGLE ROLLER COTTON GINS of four and five bearings, with gearings complete. Also Compound Steam Engine 15in. by 24in. by 36in.. 10 N. H. P. New Portable Engine. Kindly write for details to INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING Co., Pydhowni, Bombay 3.
K R5135

POWER LOOMS AND COLOUR.—Power looms of 36" Reed space Brand, New English make, colours of genuine make to be sold at a very low price to clear the lots enquire immediately at THE BOMBAY WEAVING AND DYEING WORKS, 132, Parsi Bazar Street, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.
K

FOR SALE—COTTON PRESS by Nasmyth D'Stewart, Jamasji and Cummins, Complete Gin Factories, new and second-hand separate Gins, 5 and 4 bearings; 5 Compound condensing Corless, Expansion Valves Steam Engines, 5 Single Horizental Engines; Lancashire Boilers by Tincker, Ruston, Marshall 20/30 ft. by 6/7½ ft. by 100/150 lbs. pressure; 2 Portable Steam Engine Boiled, 16 and 20 N.P.H. by Ruston; etc. Apply ASIAN TRADING COMPANY, Sandhurst Road, No. 4 Bombay.
K

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

WANTED—Second hand, but serviceable CORRUGATED G. I. SHEETS. (10'x27"x 24 G.) Apply sharp with quotations, T. BOYCE Belgaum.
N R5154.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—on Monday, 9th instant one THOUSAND RUPEE NOTE, bearing No. SD 73—55027, one hundred rupee note and ten ten rupee notes aggregating in all Rs. 1,200 between 9 and 11 a.m. while passing from Nishanpade Road to Masjid Bunder Station and Curry Road Station to the De Lisle Road Union Mills. Finder will be handsomely rewarded. DEVJI MAHOMED, 257, Nishanpada Road, Bombay 9.
P.B. R5151.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTIONS, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subject—"Bookkeeping and Accountancy. Typewriting, Shorthand and shorthand speed classes." Special arrangements for ladies, Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

ALEXANDRA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE is the only Institution in Bombay where PITMAN'S SHORTHAND Classes are conducted by Professional experts of 17 years. Complete course with speed guaranteed in four months. Apply PRINCIPAL, opposite Whiteaways.
M R5146

BOOKS AND STAMPS

NECESSARY TO ALL—LUXURY TO NONE—WONDERFUL "DREAM DICTIONARY" (in English.) No more astrological botheration: Foretells fortune; promises marriage prospects, births and riches; warns against enemies, calamities, deaths and dangers; reveals conspiracies and secrets; instructs remedies for diseases. Refer our DICTIONARY at once. Used mostly and specially by businessmen, bachelors, maids, officials, and students at large. Nice paper. Under three separate headings, Particulars Symptoms and Results. Based on our ancient scientific principles of the Great Rishis, handed over from generation to generation. True worth needs no boast! Gain more than bargain! Rapid Sale! Hurry Up! Agents solicited. Price. Rs. 1/- only. THE GUPTA ASTRAL ACADEMY, Kasimkot, Vizag Dist. (South India).
L R1849

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—A FINANCING PARTNER (either active or sleeping) to advance Rs. 65,000 to 75,000 for starting a paying concern, which is guaranteed to yield substantial profits (25 per cent. to 30 per cent.) Good prospects for a man with business ability. For further particulars phase apply to Box No. 8594, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
E R5706

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Rs. 1,000 for three months only at 3 per cent per month or ¼ part of profit, sound business. Apply to Box No. 8607, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R5150

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

AUCTION of MOTOR CARS and CYCLES will be held on SATURDAY, 14th October, 1922, at the INDIAN AUTOMOBLE CO., LD., Lamington Road, off Jacob Circle.
T R5149

FOR SALE.—28 feet three sectioned seamless POLES. Apply Box No. 8553, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T R4964

DEVALI FESTIVAL—Pure silk khaddar plain, fine and very durable, complete one Gent's suit price Rs. 12-8-0 without extra charge, ready for despatch. Samples to merchants only on receipt of 2as. stamps. Trial orders solicited. GANGA STORES, Kasgunj. U. P.
T R5152

CARPETS CARPETS
DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURER
No middleman's profit
AT
KHADI EXHIBITION.
T 5123

TYPEWRITERS: Fox Portable Typewriters, improved models, complete with carrying case, all up-to-date devices, self-folding, visible, compact, durable, weight 7 lbs, List price Rs. 220. Now offered at a bargain price of Rs. 175 only. Buy early, few left. Also Standard Model (Office Fox) Typewriters, lowest prices. Investigate, Corona Folding Typewriters, latest model, Rs. 207, complete with case. Rebuilt and second-hand Typewriters from Rs. 100 upwards. Best Typewriter supplies. Repairs to all makes of Typewriters. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
T W

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
Remington Portable, New with Case, ...	275
Remington 7, Fine, Rs. 90, Very Bright	125
Sun, Visible, portable Back Spacer, ...	110
Royal 5, New Metal Cover and Base Board	125
Oliver 3, Fine Rs. 110, 5, Brief, B.S. ...	140
Multiplex Hammond, latest, ...	150
Underwood 5, latest, Rs. 190, Brief, 185,	200
Mercedes, Visible, 2 Cols., B. S. ...	200
Yost 20, Brief, Rs. 200, Dec. Tabulators,	225
L. C. Smith & Bros. 3, Brief, Silent ...	225
Oliver 9, latest, Rs. 190, Policy Size ...	250
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 180, 200, 225,	290
Remington 10, Brief latest, Rs. 260, Policy	290
Remington 10, almost new, Bold Types	375
Gujerati Remington 9 Brief, little used	200

NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts. Opp. Petit Institute. Hornby Road, Bombay.

PROFESSION

INFALLIBLE REMEDIES FOR Sprue, Consumption, Gall-stone, Tumours, Sinus, Dropsy, Bone Disease, Brain Diseases, Appendicitis, Rheumatoid, Arthrites, etc. Numerous testimonials open to inspection and sent on application. No operatin. No injection.
Our medicines are Non-poisonous.
DOCTOR SAM, WILLIAMS.
Graduated Biochemic.
No. 1, Cantonment Road,
LUCKNOW, U. P.
N.B.—Only Europeans and Educated Indians are admitted.
1449

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED TO PURCHASE 3½ per cent Govt. paper at 60 per cent against issue of Fixed Deposit receipts calculated at that price carrying the following rates of interest:
For 12 months 6 per cent.
For 2 years 6½ per cent.
For 3 years 7 per cent.
Cash price offered at market value. Apply to PUNJAB INDUSTRIAL BANK, LTD.
LAHORE. 14484

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for public information that we have entirely closed business of our firm, namely, Pahar Chand Bhagat Ram (Kalbadevi Road, Budami Jhar, P. O. Box 2) of Bombay since a period of about six months. No person should therefore in his own interests have any dealings, financial or commercial, with any individual or firm pretending to act in the name of our above firm. The firm disclaims its responsibility for any transaction that may have been or will be done in its name by any individual or firm since the time its business is closed.
(Sd.) PAHAR CHAND DHANPAT RAI.
R5103

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 11, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 11 October, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) to receive and adopt the Consulting Actuary's Valuation Report for the Quinquenium ending 28th February 1922, to decide the amount to be set aside for a Reserve Fund and to declare a Bonus.
By order of the Board of Directors,
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & CO.,
Managers.
Bombay, 3rd October, 1922. C14500

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

FOUR PER CENT. DEBENTURE LOAN 1892.
Thirty years—Rupees 61,61,000.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Trustees of the Fort of Bombay will on THURSDAY, the 30th day of November, 1922, pay to the holders of the Debentures of the above Loan all principal moneys and interest then due in respect of such debentures upon presentation and surrender of the said debentures at the office of the said Trustees in Ballard Road, Bombay, between the hours of 10-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m. on the said 30th day of November, 1922, from and after which date interest will cease to run on any of the said debentures not so presented and surrendered as aforesaid.
Holders are requested to lodge their debentures for repayment some time before the 30th November, 1922, so that the preliminary examination required may not operate to prevent payment being made on the due date.
Dated this 1st day of September, 1922.
By order of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay,
W. R. S SHARPE,
Secretary.
C C14811

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office in Ismail Building, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of October, 1922 at 1-30 p.m. (Standard Time), for the transaction of the following business:—
1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June 1922.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai as a Director of the Company.
4. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 14th to 28th October, 1922, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
MORARJEE GOCULDAS & Co.,
Agents.
Ismail Building, Fort,
Bombay, 4th October, 1922.

N.B.—The Dividend when sanctioned will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office on and after the 25th October 1922, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 13th October 1922.
C14559

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA'S STEAMER "INDUS MARU" having arrived at Bombay from Japan on 9th instant via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, the Consignees of her cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this office for countersignature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition, unless a written application is received by the undersigned within seven days after the cargo has been discharged. Messrs. Ernest and Richards, Company's appointed surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to survey. No bag cargo is, single gunny will be surveyed. The bills or claims of shortages, short-delivery and damages etc. are to be sent to this office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.
K. SHIMA,
Manager,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SALE OF SANDALWOOD.

ON 24th November at Fraserpet 400 tons of cleaned sandalwood will be sold in small lots by auction. For particulars apply DEPUTY CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS, Mercara,, Coorg. 14545

THE DWARKA "TEMPLE" BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

GUARANTEED.
British standard tests and specifications.
Used by
GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS
and
Leading Firms in
REINFORCED Concrete Work.
For particulars apply to:—
PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, BOMBAY.

TENDERS.

JUNAGAD STATE RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

SUPPLY OF CONSUMABLE STORES.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of consumable stores for the year commencing from 1st January 1923 will be received upto 12 o'clock by the Manager and Engineer-in-Chief on SATURDAY, the 11th November, 1922.
A sum of Rs. 100 one hundred in cash must accompany the tender as earnest money without which no tender will be accepted. In case of unsuccessful tenderers the money received with their tenders will be refunded.
The copy of the tender with schedule of rates and terms and conditions of the contract may be had from the Storekeeper, Junagad State Railway on payment of Re. 1 (one) only.
A. MARKS,
Chief Store Keeper,
Junagad State Railway.
Junagad dated 7th October, 1922. 14546

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for diet articles for the Krishnarajendra Hospital, Mysore for 1923 will be received by the Medical Officer on the 7th November 1922. For further particulars VIDE MYSORE GAZETTE of 5-10-22 part VI pages 440-2.
14554

NOTICE.

THE undersigned will receive tenders on Company's authorised forms (price of form—one rupee per copy) at his office at Jubbulpore on Tuesday, the 31st October, 1922, for purchase of about 140 tons W. I. and Steel Scrap and 20 tons C. I. Scrap lying at stations between Khandwa, Junnordeo and Jubbulpore.
No tenders will be considered unless accompanied by payment of deposit of rupees one thousand.
For details apply to the District Engineer, G. I. P. Railway, Jubbulpore.
N. P. ROE,
District Engineer,
G. I. P. Rly., Jubbulpore.
TA14457

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

(SALE OF ELPHINSTONE ROAD PROPERTY.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MADAR EBRAHIM, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, Receiver in Bombay High Court Suit No. 3958 of 1922, wherein Rehman Amun is the Plaintiff and Jenabai, widow of Ebrahimbhai Huseinbhai, the said Madar Ebrahim and Cassum Ebrahim are the defendants has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from any and all incumbrances claims and demands whatsoever.
Any and all person or persons having any share, right, title, interest, claim, or demand whatsoever into and upon the said property or any part or parts thereof by way of sale, mortgage, charge, lien, exchange gift, inheritance, trust, possession, lease, succession, survivership, easement or otherwise is and are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 4, Motilal Mansion, 14, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without any regard to any such claim and same, if any, will be considered waived and absolutely abandoned.
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Foras Freehold Tenure together with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Elphinstone Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 246 square yards or thereabouts assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 552 New N. N 12573, 12574, New Survey No. 1972 and by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under F Ward No. 392 (8) and Street No. 25 G and bounded as follows: On or towards the East by the property of Abba Oomar, on or towards the West by the property of Abba Oomar on or towards the South by the property of Oomar Valemahomed and on or towards the North by the property of the Improvement Trust Sheds
Dated at Bombay this 18th day of October, 1922.
FORBES & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C14557

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 3686 of 1922.
SHORT CAUSE.
Plaint presented and filed 14th day of August, 1922.
Summons to answer Plaint under Section 27, O. V, rr 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O. VIII. r 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure
JETHABHAI RANCHHODBHAI DESAI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Hornby Road, within the Fort, of Bombay. ... Plaintiff.
versus.
KASHINBHAI LALUBHAI PATEL, formerly of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant but now residing at Sacha Pir Street Camp, Poona, Poona. Defendant.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting.
Whereas the abovenamed Plaintiff has filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:—
The plaintiff prays that the defendant be decreed to pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. 2,763-5-6 with interest thereon at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from the 14th August 1920 till judgment costs of this suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent. per annum.
You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 7th day of November, 1922, at quarter past eleven o'clock (Standard Time) in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiffs' case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.
WITNESS Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 19th day of August 1922.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
for Prothonotary.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
The 19th day of August, 1922.
Messrs. CRAIGIE, BLUNT & CAROE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
C14556

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 3778 of 1923.
SHORT CAUSE.
Summons to answer Plaint under Section 27 order 5 Rules 1, 5, 7 and 8 and order VIII, Rule, 9, of the Code of Civil Procedure.
SHIVJIRAM RAMNATH, a firm, carrying on business as Shroffs and Commission Agents, at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort of Bombay .....Plaintiffs.
Vs.
SURAJMAL VIAS, until recently carrying on business at Kalbadevi Road, Bombay as broker in cotton linseed, wheat, silver, and gold, then latterly residing at Reni District Bikaner Rajputana a Native State but at present whereabouts unknown .....Defendant.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperer of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:—
The plaintiffs pray that the defendant may be ordered to pay to the plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 1,4012-8-0 with interest thereon at 9 per cent per annum from 30th November, 1921, till judgment or in alternative the defendant may be ordered to pay to the plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 8,412-8-0 with interest thereon at 9 per cent per annum from 26th May 1922 till payment and the costs of this suit.
Amended this 18th of September, 1922 as per Postponement Precipic dated 13th September 1922.
W. J. HOWARD
For Prothonotary.
Amended this 7th of October, 1922 as per Postponement Precipe dated 3rd October 1922.
W. J. HOWARD.
For Prothonotary.
You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court the 10th day of November 1922 at quarter past eleven o'clock standard time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit or who shall be accompanied by, some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiffs and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiffs' case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.
Witness Sir Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 2nd day of September, 1922.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
for Prothonotary.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
The 2nd day of September, 1922.
Messrs. PATELL AND EZEKIEL,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
C14553

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AUCTION SALE.

MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers,

On Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS STORES.

Auction Sale of vests flannel, khaki pugrees, kurtaa blankets, woollen drawers, serge kurtas, serge frocks, shorts, flannel shorts, khaki jerseys, brown kurtas, grey trousers, putties, engine room trousers, helmets, buttons, soles, shoes, identity discs, eyelets, pyjamas, spine pads, felts, sponge cloth, pillow cases, handkerchiefs, pith hats, khaki curtains for helmets, mattresses cases slip pillow cases, counter-pane, dusters, mosquito curtains, hand towels, satchels, stable bags, socks, coats, gowns, belts, vests, gloves cap comforters, trench rubber boots, mosquito nettings 54in, rainproof khaki, khaki twill, jute canvas, bunting, silk khaki twist, sewing cotton khaki, white and linen, flax, thred, buttons, white bastine, rugs, hospital marquees, I. P. privates, walls bundles, wooden pins, etc. etc.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, the 11th October 1922, and the following days daily at 10 a.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction the abovementioned goods by order of the Controller (sales) at the Parel Depot in the compound of Sir Shahpurji Broacha Mills (Old Howard and Bullough Mill).

Also on account and at the risk of defaulting purchasers at the Auction Sale of 18th/23rd August, 1922, Messrs. Jacob and Co.:—

Lot No. 8—845 vests flannels.

And on account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser at the Auction Sale of 18th/23rd August, 1922, Khimji Veljii:—

Lot No. 36A—832 reels grey and red.

Sales are subject to certain conditions obtainable at the Auctioneers or the Controller (Sales) and which will be read before the commencement of the Auction Sale.

For inspection of goods apply to the Depot Officer or the Auctioneers.

Bombay, 10th October, 1922.

AUCTION SALE OF A "HUDSON" MOTOR CAR.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant at 5 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 25, Medows Street, Fort, by order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Mr. Chhotalal Malukchand Shah of the British Mill Stores Co., of 86/88, Apollo Street, Fort.

One second-hand "Hudson" Motor-car No. 84, six cylinder, seven seater supersive fitted with cushion covers, Lucas Horn, Fifth Rim, Electric Head side and tail Lamps, all fine Tyres and Tubes quite new, completely overhauled and in perfect running order.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY FOR DIWALI ILLUMINATIONS.

GREAT BONA FIDE SALE OF ORNAMENTAL ELECTRICAL GLASS WARE, FITTINGS AND SUNDRIES.

THIS DAY WEDNESDAY the 11th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. Mehta and Co., will sell by public auction at the first floor of 72 Apollo Street, Fort by order of the Bombay Electric Co., (vacating the old premises):—

Rich Electrical fittings and globes, shades, cutglass, Hand painted glass etc., all carefully selected special designs of best Bohemian and other glass wares. also one large show case and other furniture.

MEHTA & CO.,

Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th October, 1922.

MISTRY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

9, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 5921.

On SUNDAY, the 15th October, 1922, at Dawar Hall, Lamington Road, opp. Empress Cinema, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MISTRY & Co., will sell by Public Auction, very rich furniture, comprising of Roberts Dining Table with Telescopic screw, chairs and Roberts' sideboard, dinner wagon, dumbwaiters, tea tables, silver show and cabinet, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs to match, carved blackwood furniture, revolving office chair, large and medium size 2 Milner safes on stand, low arm chairs, hat stands, very rare carved old blackwood double bed, camphor wood writing desk, carpets, mirror and panelled almirah single mirror door almirah cupboard, clothes and gown press, dressing tables, marble top wash tables and toilet set, glassware, plated ware, Electric table lamps, crockery, etc., etc.

The property of a gentleman leaving, and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property is open to view.

MISTRY & CO.,

Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th October, 1922.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents

(123 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay).

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO LOVERS OF WORKS OF ART.

AUCTION SALE OF A SPLENDID COLLECTION OF ELABORATELY CARVED MARBLE STATUARIES, PILLARS, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, HANGERS ETC.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will under instructions from the Shippers sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 12th October, 1922, and the following days at 3 p. m. (S. T.) each day at Hornby Road opposite the Flora Fountain in Messrs Ralli Brothers' old Building: A shipment of artistic marble works representing figures of Lakhsmi, Sirens, Playing Flute, Music, Venus, Apollo Neptune, Seasons, Continents Decorative artistic figures, groups, birds, baths, large fountains and various other marble works suitable for parks, gardens and palaces.

Also a collection of copies of old Masters.

The collection is well worth a visit by art connoisseurs and others interested in fine arts Collection on view.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

20 Apollo Street,

Telephone No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE OF 200 BALES COTTON C. P.

Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of October, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Godown of Chanda Ramji Press Wadi No. C. 2, Colaba, by order of Ramgopal Keshavdev Esq., and on account and at the risk of the undermentioned parties.

On account and on the risk of Messrs. N. V. Dossa

DELIVERY ORDER NO. 2308.

100 bales cotton C. P. No. 1.

On account and at the risk of Jivatlal Pratapsingh.

DELIVERY ORDER NO. 3099.

100 bales cotton C. P. No. 2.

The goods are open to view at the godown.

Terms.—25 per cent. deposit and delivery within two days.

AUCTION SALE OF 147 BALES CLOTH SHIRTING CAL, 12 BALES SARRIES FINISHED AND 20 BALES YARN 10½'S BLACK TIE OF RAJA BAHADUR MOTILAL POONA MILLS.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction near the Baling Press in Champa Gully, opposite the Dharamraj Gully Gate of Mulji Jaitha Market, on Saturday the 14th day of October, 1922, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) under instructions from the Proprietor of Raja Bahadur Motilal Poona Mills and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr. Bhaichand Rupchand Doshi, cloth merchant at Bombay, Sholapur, Tadpatri etc, the undermentioned goods.

12 Bales Sari finished, including.
1 Bale No. 4401 and 11 Bales No. 264.
6 Bales Heavy shirting cal. No. 1616.
141 Bales Shirting cal. including.
1 Bale No. 8009, 7 Bales No. 131, 16 Bales No. 132¼, 8 Bales No. 134¼, 30 Bales No. 136¼, 5 Bales No. 138¼, 5 Bales No. 140¼, 12 Bales No. 142¼, 3 Bales No. 146¼, 1 Bale No. 11, 5 Bales No. 13¾, 8 Bales No. 14¼, 8 Bales No. 91¼, 28 Bales No. 92¼, 4 Bales No. 93¼.
20 Bales of Yarn of 10½'S Count.

Conditions of sale and particulars of cloth will be read at the time of sale and the cloth samples can be inspected at the Rooms of the Auctioneers four days previous to the day of sale.

J. S. MODY & CO.,

Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th October, 1922.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS AUCTION SALE OF BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURING MACHINERY.

Under instructions from Messrs. The Tata Industrial Bank Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on MONDAY, the 16th instant, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. S.T.), at Lamington Road, near Lal Chimney, at Messrs. N. Powell and Co.'s godown, on account and risk of the Standard Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Co., all the machinery accessories, etc., of the Boot and Shoe Manufactury consisting of one Louis Heel Splitter one Columbia Beader, one Improved Blake Machine, one Master Bottom Scouver, one No. 3 Channel opener, one Rap cutting press, 1 Devey Pegger, 5—7 feet Revo Press Plenet, one Sole Founder, Plume Skiver for skiving stiffeners, one Edge cementor and outfit, one No. 8 Leather Roller Turned Steel Shafting, Colic, Pegwood, Dies, Punches, coils Universal Shegging wire, Seat wheels, etc., etc.

The above will be sold either in one lot or in separate lots to suit the requirements of the purchaser subject to reserve price. The above is on view from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. at the above address.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and balance to be paid the next day and goods cleared away within a week from the day of sale in default of which rent at the rate of Rs. 100 per day will have to be paid.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of Grey and coloured piecegoods etc., etc.

AT 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

1 second hand rubber tyred English Brougham.
1 second hand rubber tyred Landulette.
1 second hand rubber tyred Victoria.
1 Wale horse going in harness.

AUCTION SALE OF FRENCH NICKEL FRAME SPECTACLES.

Under instruction from Messrs. Mehta Bhata and Co., Messrs. BENNETTE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms on SATURDAY the 14th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) on account and risk of Messrs. Shanti Brothers.

250 dozens French Nickles frames manufactured by Lion Crecton.
125 dozens Petebles 2nd quality of Thomas Stering and Sons England.
55 gross screws of American Optical Co.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 11th October, 1922.

The Bombay Chronicle Press
IS EQUIPPED WITH UP TO DATE QUICK-SERVICE AND LABOUR SAVING MACHINES.
PROSPECTUSES ARE PRINTED WITH UTMOST EXPEDIENCY.

When you spend so much for your clothes why not be certain that they are made by artistic Tailors!
ARAUJO FERNANDES & Co.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Princess Street, BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS

THE EXCELSIOR
TO-DAY AT 6-30 P. M.
Mary Miles Minter
Dainty Damozel of Girlish Graces—Blue Eyed Fairy of the Screen
IN
"ANNIE FOR SPITE"

THE EXCELSIOR
J. C. WILLIAMSON, Ltd's.
GILBERT & SULLIVAN OPERA Co.
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30. P. M.
"THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE"
Plans at Messrs. S. Rose & Coy.

THE EMPIRE
TO-DAY at 8-15 and 10 p. m
ANITA STEWART
In a picturization of Louise Provost's powerful novel from "The Peoples' Home Journal,"
"HER KINGDOM OF DREAMS"

THE EMPIRE
TO-DAY WEDNESDAY AT 6-15
THE
BOMBAY CHAMBER ORCHESTRA
Director.....EDWARD BEHR
will give their SECOND
MIDWEEK MUSICAL
MATINEE
POPULAR PRICES! POPULAR PRICES!
Rs. 3, 2, 1, & 8 Annas.
THE WORKS OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST MUSICAL GENIUSES NOW AVAILABLE TO ALL MUSIC LOVERS. SEATS MAY NOW BE BOOKED AT ROSE & CO., LTD.

THE EMPRESS
TO-DAY:—6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
THE GREAT MYSTERY SERIAL!
"ROMANCE OF THE HOPE DIAMOND"
Featuring
GRACE DARMOND
Being the Life-Story of MAY YOHE
(LADY FRANCIS HOPE)
This Week Episodes No. 7 "Secret Message", Episode No. 8 "Cup of Fear" and Episode No. 9 "Rings of Death."
Also 2 Parts Comedy.
"STICK AROUND"
By Ernest Truex.

EVERY WEEK
A NEW PICTURE
A NEW THEME AND
A NEW ENTERTAINMENT.
We are offering
Bharat Film Co's another
New Production.
Sharmishtha-Dvayani.
A Highly entertaining story of how Sharmishtha, the daughter of a king was forced to be a maid of an ordinary girl and how she was wooed by the king and at last how her son restored her and her husband to proper position.
A highly religious and educational Picture.
YOU CANNOT OFFORD TO MISS IT.
See it to-day or this week.
At
CINEMA MAJESTIC
Popular Prices.
Extra show holidays at 3-30.
Daily at 5-15, 7, 8-45, 10-30.

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF H. H. THE
Maharaja Sayajirao Gaekwad
OF BARODA
Gandharv Natak Mandali
will stage at the
New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road,
Wednesday 11th October 1922.
Charity Performance.
In aid of Shri Datt Mandir.
LONI-DHAMNI (DIST. POONA).
SHAKUNTAL.
(at 8-30 P.M.)
Saturday the 14th October 1922
SHARDA
(at 8-30 P.M.)
Sunday the 15th October 1922
SHAH-SUMBHRAM.
(at 3 P.M.)

AMUSEMENTS

GLOBE CINEMA
SANDHURST ROAD. PHONE 3455.
THE COOLEST PICTURE HOUSE IN BOMBAY.
UNDER AMERICAN MANAGEMENT.
TO-DAY at 5, 6-30, 8-30 and 10-15 p. m.

Pearl White (Pathe)
LAST INSTALMENT
PEARL WHITE
IN
THE SENSATIONAL PATHE SERIAL
"THE QUEEN SEEKS DISTRACTION"
15 CONTINUOUS—EPISODES—OF
THRILLS——DANGER——MYSTERY
EDDIE BOLAND COMEDY
SPECIAL MATINEES:
SATURDAY, SUNDAY AND HOLIDAYS AT 3-30.
USUAL PRICES—Rs. 2 to As. 3
NOTICE—Soldiers in Uniform admitted to Dress Circle at Half Price.

WEST-END CINEMA
TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!
A Universal Gem
"A WONDERFUL WIFE"
5 Reels—Starring the enchanting blonde beauty
MISS DU PONT
WITH AN ALL-STAR CAST.
A two-reel Chester Comedy "A Tray Full of Troubles" in the programme.
To-DAY 5-30; 7; 8-45; and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)
WEST-END CINEMA
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

Under Public Patronage
LALITKALA DARSHA SANGIT NATAK MANDALI
Founded by
Late Mr. KESHAVRAO BHONSLE,
will stage at the
GRANT ROAD, 'BOMBAY THEATRE,' BOMBAY.
ON
Wednesday 11th Oct. 1922 at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)
MRICHHAKATIK
Saturday 14th Oct. 1922 at 8-30 p. m. (S.T.
SHAHA SHIWAJI
Sunday 15th Oct. 1922 at 3 p. m. (S.T.)
SATTECHE GULAM
Proprietors.

The Week's
Amazing Attraction
The Most Magnetic Man in the world—The Most Polished Gentleman Boxer Heavy-weight Champion—
Georges Carpentier
IN
A Robertson Cole Million Dollar Special
The Wonder Man
An absorbing Society Drama with the handsome French Hero in a Dashing Role that will captivate the ladies.
See this Gorgeous Screen Spectacle at the
NOVELTY CINEMA
Tram Terminus, Grant Road.
TIMES AND RATES AS USUAL.
Exclusive Rights for "The WONDER MAN" controlled by the Globe Cinema Co., Rangoon. Exploitation for our territory by Mr. P. M. Souza, Nolasco.

!! TO-NIGHT !! !! TO-NIGHT !!
AND DURING THIS WEEK
IMPERIAL
PRESENTS
A SOCIAL SUPER PRODUCTION
"AJAMIL"
"AJAMIL"
IN 7 ACTS
PRODUCED BY
KOHINOOR FILM CO.,
DADAR
DAILY 4 SHOWS: 5, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 P.M.
EXTRA SHOWS ON SUNDAY AND HOLIDAY AT 3-30 P.M.
ARE YOU
ON THE LOOK OUT?
Next SATURDAY—the 14th inst.,—Starts the Soul-inspiring Historical Romance of the World's greatest Warrior.
France—of the Days of the Revolution—will leap up alive once again before your bewildered eyes
L'AIGLONNE
OR
THE DAUGHTER OF NAPOLEON
Is Screen-History of the Love affairs and domestic escapades of one of the World's mightiest figures.
COME—YOU'LL BE THRILLED TO THE TIPS OF YOUR FINGERS.
The Big Picture Begins
SATURDAY NEXT!!
AT
THE NOVELTY THEATRE
GRANT ROAD TRAM TERMINUS.

RAILWAY RISK NOTES.

COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 7.

The report of the Committee which was appointed to consider the revision of the Railway Risk Notes is out to-day. The personnel of the Committee was Mr. Seshagiri Iyer (Chairman) Messrs. Subrahmanyam, M. Ramji, A. M. Clark and C. V. Bliss (members). The report is unanimous.

The risk notes at present in force are ten out of which alterations in five, viz., A B H G and D is suggested by the Committee. One change common to all is the substitution of misconduct 'for' wilful neglect. In brief the recommendations of the Committee are in case of risk note A. It is recommended that the form should be amplified to make the Railways liable for loss, damage, etc., upon proof that such loss is due to misconduct on the part of their servants. The Committee observes that while it is necessary that the Railways should be protected from losses due to causes outside their control it is equally necessary that they should restrain their staff from demanding execution of risk note without justifiable cause. In case of risk notes B H D and G it is recommended that the forms should be so modified that cases of non-delivery or pilferage of goods from consignments properly packed, the Railways should be required to lead evidence to show how goods were dealt with while in their possession or control. Form B is also to be modified by making goods clerk to write at the end of the form, description of packing with a view to obviate necessity for taking form A in conjunction with form B. The operative clause in forms B and H as revised by the Committee will read thus "I, the undersigned do in consideration of such lower charge agree and undertake to hold the said Railway administration harmless and free from all responsibility for any loss destruction or deterioration of or damage to the said consignment from any cause whatever except upon proof that such loss, destruction, deterioration or damage arose from the misconduct of the Railway administration's servants; provided that in the following clauses (A) non-delivery of the whole of a consignment or of the whole of one or more packages forming part of a consignment properly packed fully addressed unless such non-delivery is due to accidents to trains or to fire; (B) pilferage from packages of merchandise properly packed that is packed in accordance with instruction laid down in the goods tariff or where there are no such instructions, protected otherwise than by paper or other packing readily removable by hand provided the pilferage is pointed out to the servants of the Railway administration on or before delivery, the Railway administration shall be required to lead evidence to show how the consignment was dealt with throughout the time it was in its possession or control but if no circumstances from which misconduct can fairly be inferred are disclosed from the inability of the Railway administration to account for the non-delivery or pilferage the burden of proving such misconduct shall lie upon the consignor." The Committee hopes that the alterations proposed in form B would obviate complaints made that the Railways refuse to give information showing how a consignment been dealt with while in their hands and that they may result in reducing litigation.

Regarding the question of robbery from running trains the Committee do not consider any special reference to this particular case of loss is necessary. Under their proposals the Railways would be required to lead evidence to account for loss of goods and their liability or non-liability would be determined by evidence. Touching the question of great difference that is said to exist between Railway risk and owner's risk rates the Committee remarks:—"This matter has been brought prominently to our notice by many members of trading community by whom it is asserted that the difference is so great that they have no option in face of competition but to book lower rates. On the Railway side it is urged that where special rates are quoted acceptance of risk by owner is only one of considerations for which lower rate is quoted, other considerations being that goods are consigned in large quantities or for long distances, that they are loaded and unloaded by sender and consignee, etc. The question is undoubtedly one of very great importance but we do not consider that it falls within the terms of our reference and we therefore, refrain from expressing any opinion. The question is one for decision by the rates advisory tribunal if ond when it comes into existence.

Mr. Subramanyam in a small note endorsed by Mr. M. Ramji remarks:—The time has now come for the good name of the Railways which after all are public concerns, financed and supported by Government that the obligations of the Railways to the public should be made clearer and much less illusory than it has hitherto been. The common people of this country treat the Railways as a department of Government, and the odium created by the conduct of the Railways towards goods and passengers reflects upon the Government as well. Taking things as they are altogether wrong, I trust that when these risk note forms are revised, we shall have an opportunity of considering whether the alterations effectuate our recommendations. My reading of the earlier files on this question makes me feel that the present risk note form has not carried out the desire expressed by Sir John Hewitt in one of the files. Much of the trouble with which we are now faced is due to the draftsman of risk note 'B'.

ECONOMIC & FINANCIAL REVIEW.

BY "KRISTODAS."

Empire Exhibition.

When a protest meeting was held in Bombay recently under the auspices of five leading Associations several speakers urged, as a sort of retaliatory measure, non-participation on behalf of India in any of the Imperial shows. They had principally in mind the Empire Exhibition proposed to be held in 1924 in England. The Legislative Assembly at its winter session last March resolved to participate in the exhibition and allotted a big sum like Rs. 25 lakhs to expenditure in this connection. It is, however, an idea with which many cannot associate that India should be asked to participate in such an Empire Exhibition when her own status as a member of the British Federation is so entirely undecided. It is true that we are comforted often with some sweet words to the effect that India is a member of the British Empire as much as Australia and Canada. The whole bottom, however, from all this diplomatic evasion was taken away by Mr. Lloyd George in his brutally frank statement. India cannot, therefore, if she has got any regard for self-respect, help in glorifying the Empire at present at least as long as the question of her exact status remains in abeyance. The public were almost promised by some speakers of the above meeting that arrangements would be made to move a resolution at the Simla session of the Assembly to get the previous resolution rescinded as a protest against the treatment meted out to Indians in the Colonies. Nothing of the sort has happened, however, and both the Houses of Indian Legislature have adjourned to meet again in January. Probably the Assembly thought that a vote of censure on the Prime Minister and turning down the Press Bill were sufficiently heinous offences to be committed in the course of one session. If the merchants and industrialists of the country, however, remain firm out of a sense of self-respect with regard to the treatment given to Indians in the Colonies, the share of India will amount to nothing despite the expenditure by the Government of India of Rs. 25 lakhs and despite the appeals by the English press and the Empire development-seekers that India should participate in the exhibition.

Fiscal Commission.

The report unfortunately is not unanimous in as much as though all the members have signed it, Indian members with two exceptions have appended a dissenting minute with regard to some conclusions at which the Commission have arrived. The difference is mainly seen with regard to three items. The Commission state "we recommend in the best interests of India to adopt a policy of protection to be applied with discrimination along with lines indicated in the report." The minority while agreeing that protection should be applied with discrimination consider that the conditions laid down in the report are too stringent; that immediate steps be taken to adopt an intensive policy of industrialisation and that any discrimination necessary in the interests of consumers must be decided by the Government of India and the Indian Legislature.

With regard to Excise Duties the conclusion of the Commission is that the existing duties should be unreservedly condemned but that the British Government should announce its intention of allowing the Government of India to decide in agreement with the Indian Legislature what action should be taken. The minority would apply excise duty on commodities such as alcohol and tobacco whose consumption is desirable to be restricted. The Commission consider that any general system of preference to British products would involve a serious burden which it would not be reasonable for India to shoulder while on the other hand the possibilities of advantage to India from preferences granted to her exports are limited. The minority dissent in respect of the treatment to be accorded to the United Kingdom and the Self-governing Dominions. They hold that India cannot accept the principle of Imperial Preference until she has attained responsible government and is able to regulate her fiscal policy by the vote of a wholly elected Legislature. The difference between the two sections of the Commission does not superficially appear to be so much as is represented to be and one is inclined to sympathise with the surprise expressed by Sir Montagu Webb and Mr. W. C. Rhodes at the minute of dissent. I would not, however, consider the minute of dissent as Mr. Rhodes appears to imply, a political manifesto. It must be remembered that the five Indian gentlemen who are responsible for the dissenting minute are connected with the commercial and industrial life of India to a remarkable extent. At the same time their vested interests are not of mere birds of passage but of men who and their children consider India to be their permanent home and who are vitally interested in the progress of India to complete self-government. Mr. Rhodes attempts to sidetrack the issue by calling the minute of dissent a political manifesto. Politics and commerce are necessarily so inextricably connected together specially in this country that one cannot find how people anxious to safeguard the interests of their country can prepare a document relating to trade and industries which has no smack of politics in it. Mr. Rhodes derives the uncharitable conclusion that the attitude of the minority with regard to cotton excise duty followed from the personnel of the Commission having been heavily weighted with the Indian cotton industries. He forgets that the whole of the Indian public and even the Government are unanimous in considering the present cotton excise duty as unfair, inequitable and unjust. It is a mistake to suppose that only the cotton mill industry is carrying on an agitation against these Excise duties, though it is only the cotton mill industry of Manchester which is interested in keeping up the present excise duties. The line adopted by the minority with regard to Imperial Preference is straight forward and bold that India cannot have Imperial preference so long as she does not enjoy an equal status with the other self-governing Colonies in the Empire. Mr. Rhodes naturally resents it as to him and the other Anglo-Indian merchants the Empire comes first and India a long way afterwards. As I said in the beginning, though the difference between the two sections of the Commission does not appear to be superficially very great, it is symptomatic of our present political situation. The real difference lies not so much in the wording or the phraseology or even particular theoretical principles but mainly in the view-point and the angle of vision of each. Both the Englishmen and Indians may agree in accepting a principle but they will differ in its application and in the angle from which they look at it. The difference is there because of the difference in the political status of the two. The one is the rulers and looks at every question from the point of view of rulers and the point of view of the Empire if not manly of England. The other is the ruled in the position of a subject race and so naturally looks at every question from the point of view of emancipation of his people. The minority may have stated practically the same views as the majority but their view point is different just because they are Indians in touch with all the currents of the present political and commercial life and just because they would not like India to be always in the leading strings or as Mr. Lloyd George will have it, in the grip of the Steel Frame of Englishmen.

Attack on General Smuts.

Sir Sivaswamy Aiyer, representative of India at the meeting of the League of Nations at Geneva, has drawn the resentment on himself of Anglo-Indian critics by his attack on General Smuts with regard to the way in which South-west Africa is being treated as a mandatory territory by the Union of South Africa. My fear is that representatives of India nominated by the Government which itself is not a popular and representative Government lose many a splendid opportunity of impressing on representatives of all the different nations assembled at the International Conference, the real condition of this country and also the real conditions of Indians in other colonies. Not only this but they take it for granted that they have not to interfere in matters concerning other colonies and other countries though the questions may be affecting humanity at large, and the principles of justice and fairness. Indian representatives, therefore, are conspicuous by their silence or by their hyperbolical panegyrics of the Empire. Sir Sivaswamy Aiyer is advised to mind his own business in so many words just because he centured to attack General Smuts for his treatment of a mandatory territory, a treatment which Violated principle of justice and humanity. It is argued, forsooth, that there is not a single Indian in South-west Africa as if that should preclude a representative sitting at such an International Conference from speaking out his mind. If this is the principle followed that people of different countries should speak out when the interests of their own countries are concerned representatives of England and the Self-governing Colonies will be precluded from speaking with regard to India or the Far East, for instance. It is, however, taken to be the privilege of an Englishman that he should have his pie in every corner of the land while a poor Indian is not many a time considered an authority even on questions concerning his own land

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS)

Liverpool, Oct. 9th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..	..
,, ,, Sales on Spec. & for Exp. ..	6,000
,, ,, Sales of East Indian ..	..
,, ,, Import	Nil.
EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICE :— New York Tone :—	
Advanced owing to Straddled buying.	
Mid. American Spot	..
Egyptian F. G. F. Spot Limited represt	12 32
New York, 11 a.m. Sakels	17 16
As known in Liverpool at Oct, ..	21 57
closing time.) .. Jan. ..	21 77
New Orients 10 a.m. .. Mar. ..	21 85
.. Jan. ..	21 36
.. Mar. ..	21 46

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 9th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES.

Months.	To-day's Price
Oct.	12 31+20
Nov.	..
Dec.	12 15+18
Jan.	12 11+17
Feb.	..
Mar.	12 06+18
April	..
May	11 97+18
June	..
July	11 88+19
Aug.	..
Sept.	..

Egyptian Nov. 1615, Mar. 1660, May 1680.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 9th.

Months.	To-day's price.
Oct.	12 43+32
Novembers	12 33+32
December	12 30+33
January	12 27+33
February	12 22+32
March	12 20+32
April	12 15+32
May	12 11+32
June	12 05+31
July	12 00+31
August	11 87+30
September	11 68+23

Tone :—Steady.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 9th.

Months.	To-day's price.
Oct.	16. 10+15
Nov.	16, 25+15
Dec.	16, 35+15
Jan.	16, 45+10
February	16, 55+10
March	16, 65+10
April	16, 75+10
May	16, 85+10

CONTINENTAL EXCHANGE.

lgium	31·88
hens	155·10

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 9th.

M. G. Bengal	Good	7 25
,, ,,	Fully Good	7 65
,, ,,	Fine	8 05
,, ,,	No. 1 Oomra, Good ..	9 30
,, ,,	Fully Good	9 70
,, ,,	Fine	10 10
M. G. Broach	Good	10 55
,, ,,	Fully Good	10 95
,, ,,	Fine	11 35
M. G. Scinde	Good	7 15
,, ,,	Fully Good	7 55
,, ,,	Fine	7 95

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 9th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ..		38,000
,, Exports to Great Britain ..		23,000
,, ,, to Continent		
Futures at New York	Oct. ..	21, 57+27
,, ,, ,,	Dec. ..	21, 86+24
,, ,, ,,	Jan. ..	21, 75+27
,, ,, ,,	March ..	21, 85+25
Spot Cotton at New York	..	21, 80+25
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	..	21, 13+25
Tone of Spot Cotton .—		
Futures at New Orleans	Jan. ..	21, 27+21
,, ,, ,,	March ..	21, 33+20
Fair Rio Office (No. 7 quality) ..	..	10/16
Demand Bills	..	..
Silver Commercial U. S. mined ..	..	99 1/4
Do. Foreign	..	69 1/8

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 9th.

Future at New York, ..	Oct. ..	21 57+27
	Dec. ..	21 86+24
	Jan. ..	21 76+27
	Mar. ..	21 85+25

Liverpool, Oct. 9th.

Cotton Del. M.U. G.O.C. Liverpool ..	Oct. ..	12 43+32
	Jan. ..	12 27+33
	Mar. ..	12 20+32
	May ..	12 11+32

London, Oct. 9th.

Telegraphic Transfers	1/3 11/16 Firm.
Bar Gold	£ 4 13/1 Quiet.
Bar Silver Spot	35 3/16 Stdy.

MONEY MARKET.

London, Oct. 9th.

Rentes 3 per cent.	59 1/4
Bar Silver Spot	35 3/16
,, ,, 2 months hence ..	35 1/16
Tone of Silver—Steady.	
China Sold Indiabought,	
Discount Bank of England Rate ..	3
Interest day to day learns	1 1/2
,, ,, 7 day Merckets leasve ..	1 1/2

P/2 stper 17th July 1922.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Oct. 9th.

WHEAT.

Barletta Russo—63 lbs. Dec.-Jan...	50
Australian 63 lbs. Oct.-Nov. Sellers	48/6
Karachi Barley 49 lbs, Jan.-Feb. Buyers	49 6
Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. Oct.-Nov. Paid	32/6 31/3
,, Red Karachi do. Firmer	52/6
,, Afloat to U. K.	1,040,000
Tone—Steady.	

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£ 17 3/8
Hongkong	115
National	41 1/4
P.and D.	14
Eastern Bank	5 1/4

SEEDS.

London, Oct. 9th.

RAPESED, Ferozepore Real Bold Oct-Nov, Sellers	£16 1/2
LINSEED, Argentine Oct.-Nov. Sellers Neglected	£ 17 3/4
RAPRSEED, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex- Ship Oct.-Nov. ..	£15 1/2
RAPESEED, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. Sellers	—
TONE OF RAPSEED :—	
COTTONSEED, Bombay (scund Delivered per ton Dec.-Jan. Value	£7 3/4
TORIA RAPESEED:—Sept.-Oct. Sellers	£17

METALS.

English best Selected Copper ..	£ 66
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£ 63 1/4
Copper Braziers	£ 83
Yellow Metal	8 1/8
Hard spelter	25 1 2
Corrugated Sheet	16 1/4

EXCHANGE.

On London, at Paris	..

WAR LOANS ETC.

Funding Loans %1960/90 ..	£ 84+1/4
Victory Bonds 4 %..	£ 88 +1/8
War loan 5% 1929/47 ..	£ 100 3/16+3/16
Consols 2 1/2 %	57 Unchgd.
Rupee Paper 3 1/2%	37 ,,
Indian Stock 3 1/2 % (Sterling Loan)	66 ,,
Govt. Securities 3%	55 1/2 ,,
7 per cent. Indian Loan	112

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure, Nov,-Dec.	10 3/4
Tone—	
Plantation First Latex Crepe Oct.	9
Tone :—Quiet after firm.	
Freight of Coal—Cardiff to Bombay..	19/3

JAVA SUGAR.

Brown Sugar 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec, Nominal	17/9
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec. Sellers	19/9
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Jan,-Mar. Sellers	20
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay Oct,-Dec, Sellers	20/2 1/2
Fine White Java, C. & F. Karachi Oct'-Dec, Sellers	20/2 1/2
Tone :—Entremely quiet.	

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Oct. 10.

A further advance of 27 points was reported in New York futures. The market advanced on trade buying and on good demand from American Mills. The undertone of the market is very steady and it seems as if the prices may go still higher. The Marwari Bazar opened this morning for F. G. M. G. Broach April/May at Rs. 453 and touching Rs. 451½ improved to Rs. 453 on office buying. From this level it eased to Rs. 445 on free selling by Marwari jobbers and on profit taking and after fluctuating within a range of a rupee and a half ruled Rs. 446½ at 4 p.m. The Bazar findlly closed at Rs. 446½. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 445 and closed at Rs. 443 Fine M. G. Oomra December/January opened at Rs. 402 and going down by a rupee advanced to Rs. 403 on buying by a Japanese House.

The prices then eased to Rs. 395 in sympathy with decline in Broach and on general selling and the rate at 4 p.m. was Rs. 396 F. G. M. G. Bengal December/January was Rs. 327 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton continued to remain steadier yesterday. About 13000/14000 Bales of fine Oomra are reported to have been purchased by Japan Expporters.

COLABA CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 P. M.)

Bombay, Oct. 10

			Rs.
Fully Good Broach ..	Apl./May. ..		443
Fully Good Bengal ..	Dec.-Jan. ..		324
Fine Oomra ..	Dec.-Jan. ..		391

E. I. C. A. QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 10

			Rs.
Fully Good Broach ..	April-May ..		447
Fully Good Bengal ..	Dec.-Jan. ..		326
Fine Oomra ..	Dec.-Jan. ..		395

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct, 10

Description,	Super-Fine	F Goods	Goods	Fine	
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	340	325	315	..	..
M. G. Oomra's No. 4 ..	395	380	365	..	..
M. G. Central P. No. 1.	425	410	395	..	..
M. G. Central P. No. 2.	410	395	380	..	..
M. G. Broach	440	430	420	..	..
Southerns	..	..	..	..	..

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton roduce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 9th Oct. 1922.

Cotton	383 Bales
Wheat	4814 Cwts.
Linseed	2037 ,,
Rape, etc.	843 ,,
Gingellyseed	2777 ,,
Poppyseed	Nil ,,
Groundnuts	1907 ,,
Castorseed	4737 ,,
Rice	3517 ,,
Myrabolams	534 ,,
Cottonseed	4154 ,,
Mowrasced	1411 ,,
Gram	216 ,,
Juwar	1314 ,,
Masur	Nil ,,
Barley	266 ,,
Bajry	1789 ,,
Coal	471 Tons.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS.

ISSUED BY THE HIN DUSTANI NATIVE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

Oct. 10th.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Longcloth (Full weight) 34/40 inches :—			
Rachael per lb...	1	10	0
Standard per lb.	1	10	0
Century per lb.	1	10	0
Hindustan per lb.	1	10	6
Fazulbhai per lb.	1	11	0
Textile per lb.	1	11	0
Longcloth (Light weight) No. 5202/5203 :—			
Rachael per lb.	1	10	0
Swan Finlay per lb.	..	..	..
Longcloth X quality :—			
Rachael per lb.	1	10	6
Fazulbhai per lb.	1	11	0
Longcloth Satin Calender, 34/40 inches :—			
Textile (Hand) per lb.	1	10	0
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1	10	0
Century (Bugle) per lb.	1	7	0
Zenith (Drum) per lb.	1	7	0
Salita —			
Century per lb.	1	8	0
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1	8	6
Grey Drill, Century Mill :—			
No. 1125 per piece	15	8	0
No. 125½ per piece	14	8	0
Dhooties :—7, 8 and 9 yards :—			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	11	0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1	10	6
Dhooties :—10 yards.			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	12	0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1	11	3
Check 5 lbs. Grey Drills :—			
Standard per piece	7	1	0
Phoenix per piece	7	1	0
Swan Finlay per piece	6	14	0
Check 5½ lbs. Grey Drills :—			
Textile per piece	7	8	0
Pearl per piece	7	14	0
Bleached Check :—			
Textile per piece	..	..	..
Kasturchand per piece	8	12	0
Bombay United per piece	8	6	0
Black Check 5 lbs :—			
Textile per piece	9	12	0
Spring per piece	8	12	0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Oct. 10

The following are to day's closing rates as issued by the Bombay Grain Merchants' Association :—

	Bazar Terms. Rs.	a.	p.	Rail Delivered. Rs.	a.	p.
Ready						
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30 ..	54	0	0	8	4	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	53	0	0	8	3	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla ..	52	0	0	8	2	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi ..	9	8	0	10	0	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore..	9	8	0	10	4	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore .	10	8	0	11	0	0
Linseed, Brown Bold ..	12	12	0	13	4	0
Linseed, Brown Thin ..	12	4	0	12	12	0
Teelseed, White 80-15 ..	75	0	0	15	8	0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25 ..	70	0	0	..	..	..
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50 ..	68	0	0	..	..	..
Teelseed Black	63	0	0	..	..	..
Poppyseed, White	13	4	0	14	4	0
Groundnuts	68	0	0	14	9	0
Mowraseed	6	12	0	7	2	0
Barley	38	0	0	..	..	..
Castorseed	52	0	0	10	8	0
Cutton Seeds Ready ..	35	0	0	4	12	0
Forward	Rs.	a.	p.			
Wheat Aug.-Sept ..	8	1	3			
Linseed May	..	..	..			

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BOMBAY, Oct. 10.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 27/6/9
Bars Gold forward 27/0/9
Bars Gold 2nd settlement 27/1/9
Bars Silver ready 91/6
Bars Silver 1st settlement 91/6
Bars Silver 2nd settlement 91/10

EXCHANGE.

B C Rate—
Bank's selling T T 1/3 19/32
Bank's selling D D 1/3 5/8
On London—
Bank's selling T T 1/3 21/32
Bank's selling D D 1/3 11/16
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/3 7/7
Bank's buying T T 1/3 23/32
Bank's buying D D 1/3 3/4
Tone of Exchange—Very Steady Market.
On Paris—
Bank's selling D D Frcs 375
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs 394
Bank's buying D D Frcs 384
On Japan—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 166½
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 161½
On Hongkong—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 199
On Singapore—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 179½
On New York—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 350
London Gold ready sh. 93-1
London Silver ready d. 35-3
London Silver forward d. 35-1
Tone of Silver—Dull—India bought, China sold.

CROSS RATES ON LONDON TO POUND STERLING.

American Exchange $ 4.42½
French Exchange Frcs 58.48
Swiss Exchange Frcs 23.60
Belgium Exchange Frcs 62.60
German Exchange Mrks 12500
Italian Exchange Liras 104.00
Prague Exchange Krons 123

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper Rs. 58/8
5 per cent War Loan 88/8
4 per cent Terminable Loan 98
4 per cent Conversion Loan 78
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922 100/8
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928 101
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1926 100/6
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1930 100/6
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1932 100/6
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 103/12
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 65
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930 95
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 65
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49 95
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 65

The Share Market is closed to-day.

SHARE REPORTS.

BANKS.

Name.	Paid up Amount	Face Value.	Div. paid	Last Div.	Quotation to buy.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Allahabad Bank ..	100	100	Feb-Aug.	9%	330
Alliance ..	100	..	Jan-Aug.	7%	290
Baroda ..	80	100	Jan-July	7%	75
Imperial ..	500	500	Jan-July	40%	1350
,, Contributary ..	136	..	..	40	365
India ..	90	100	Jan-July	7%	107
Central ..	25	60	Feb-Oct.	7%	33/8 xd
Nats Bank	23 1/2	70	,,	as. 6	15/12
Chartered Bank ..	£.5	£.5	Apr-Oct.	12/3	£ 17
Eastern ..	£.5	£.10	,,	8	..
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation ..	$125	$12	,,	£ 3	£ 11/3
Mercantile Bank of India ..	£ 12 1/2	,,	,,	16%	£ 28 6
Bank of Morvi ..	10	25	Feb-Oct.	8%	1

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Prantij ..	500	500	,,	11 1/2%	315 xd
Amritsar Patty	100	100	,,	8 1/4%	104
Central Provinces	100	100	,,	6%	88 xd
Chaparmukh Sighat ..	100	100	,,	2%	56
Dond-Baramate	100	100	Feb-Aug.	2 1/2%	62
Khulna .. Bagirhat.	100	100	,,	4%	106
Larkhana ..	100	100	,,	4%	52
Mandhra Bhon ..	90	100	Feb Aug.	4 7/8%	62 xd
Pachora Jamner ..	100	100	Feb-Aug.	2 1/2	60
Sara Sirajgunj ..	100	100	Mar-Sept.	1/4%	65
Sialkote Narowal ..	100	100	Apr-Oct.	5%	78 xd
Sindh Light ..	100	100	Jni.-Jan.	11%	110
Tapti Valley ..	500	500	Mar-Sept.	1/2%	585
Upper Sindh Light ..	100	100	Feb-Aug.	..	64

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland ..	10	10	July	3-10	37
Samanksue ..	5	..	..	..	4
Central mining ..	10	..	..	22 1/2%	23/12
Indian Cement	250	250	..	20	270
Katni Cement ord. ..	100	100	,,	10	225
,, Defd ..	40	40	,,	184 10	1150
hivrajpur ..	10	10	,,	6-9-0	27

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Ah. Advance	500	500	Apr-Oct.	150	3000
Alliance cotton ..	100	100	,,	40	320 n
Appollo ..	50	50	Feb-Jan.	8	70
Birla mills ..	100	100	Apr-Sept	8	72/8
By. Cotton	500	500	Sep-Dec.	100	1017/8
By. Dyeing ..	250	250	Mar-apr.	72/8	1340
Bradbury ..	250	250	June-Nov.	100	900
Bombay Industrial	100	100	,,	15	78
Century ..	100	100	Apr-Sep.	40	697/8
Cent. India ..	500	500	May-Nov.	225	4000
Colaba Land	700	700	March	90	2105
Coorla ..	100	100	June-Dec.	15	287/8
Crescent ..	100	100	July-Dec.	30	450
Currimbhoy	250	250	,,	110	..
David ..	250	250	Apr-Sep.	45	..
Dawn ..	250	250	Mar-Apr.	90	1100
E. D. Sassoon United ..	7 1/2	100	Sep.	as. 8	4 15
Edward Sassoon. ..	500	500	Mar-Aug.	25	412/8
Elphinstone	100	100	June	25	132/8
Fazulbhoy ..	250	250	,,	125	1225
Framji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	125	2100
Globe ..	100	100	Mar-Sep.	20	195
Gokak ..	100	100	,,	15	232/8
Indian Bleaching	100	100	May.	12	207/8
Indore Malwa	100	100	Aug-Feb	55	802/8
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	May-Oct.	55	370
Kastoorchand	500	500	July-Dec.	50	785
Knatao ..	100	100	Apr-Nov.	25	570
Kilachand mill's ..	25	25	Aug-Jan.	1 1/2	16/4 xd
Kohinoor ..	500	500	Mar-Aug.	72/8	1960 xd
Luxmi Cotton	1000	1000	Apr.-Oct.	200	5475
Madhavrao Scindia ..	100	100	,,	28	205
Madhowji ..	100	100	July-Dec.	20	410
Mathuradas Manekji Petit	500	500	May-Nov.	50 250	700
..	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	400	4500 x
Meyer Sassoon	100	100	Mar-Aug.	15	255
Morarji ..	1000	1000	Apr-Nov.	400	6700
New Great ..	200	200	Mar-Sep.	35	640
New City ..	100	100	,,	35	625
Paban ..	250	250	,,	60	782
Pearls ..	250	250	July-Dec.	90	915
Phoenix ..	100	100	Mar-Aug	100	800
Premier ..	100	100	May	..	130
Planet ..	100	100	Dec-Aug.	15	225
Presidency Millsn ..	125	125	Aug-Jan.	35	240
Sassoon Cotton ..	100	100	Apr-Aug.	15	129
Shapurji ..	102	101	Aug-Sept	20	210
Shaistur ..	1000	1000	Apr-Oct.	1000	15,300 n
Simplex ..	250	250	Jan-Dec.	70	645
Standard ..	500	500	Apr-Sept.	130	2430
Swan ..	250	250	Mar.-Aug.	70	1080
"Swadeshi" ..	500	500	Apr-Oct.	300	4150
Tata Mill ..	500	500	May-Oct.	60	1010
Vishnu Cotton	500	500	Apr-Oct.	100	2200 n

ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

Ahd. Electricity	125	100	,,	6 o/o	105
Andhra Valley	1000	1000	,,	2	745
Bombay. Electric Supply & Tramway	52	52	,,	5	112/8
Tata Hydro	1023	1023	Jan.	26	780

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock ..	102	122	,,	50	420
B. Burma ..					
E. Corpo ..	125	125	,,	25	472/8
B. Burma N.I.	50	125	,,	10	135 pr
By. Flour ..	500	500	Jan-Aug.	15 o/o	1500
Bt. Burma Pet ..			,,Mar-Oct.as 3.		7/10
By. Steam ..	250	250	Oct. Rs. 41/2%		200
Kemp & Co. ..	200		July.	20	140
Marcha ..	100		,,	12	92
New India ..					
Insur. ..	25	250	,,	,,	17/8
Oriental Govt. Life ..	50	200	April	25%	350
Phillips ..	40		July	10%	48
Port Canning	1000		Sept.	5%	66
Scindia Steam	25	25	,,	,,	7/8
Tata Iron & Steel-

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Empire of India Life Assurance Co. Ltd., Elphinstone Circle, 2-30 p. m.

The Indian Industrial and Khadi Exhibition Madhav Bagh, 9 to 11 a.m. and 3 to 9 p.m.

Salle Francaise: Rev. Fr. Gerald's lecture, Apollo Bunder, 6-30 p.m.

THURSDAY, October 11.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

G. I. P. TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY (VICTORIA TERMINUS)

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	17 0	12 38
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	13 15	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	7 0	15 30
Madras Mail	8 40	21 20
Poona Mail	11 40	14 45
Inter & Ord Poona Express	12 15	14 10
Poona Express	19 50	7 50
Delhi & Lucknow Express	9 0	12 0
Madras Fast Passenger	21 40	8 15

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the hours of arrivals and departures of the principal mail and express trains at and from Colaba stations daily Standard Time is given in all cases:—

	Arr. H. M.	Dep H. M,
Bombay-Peshawar Mail	13 35	10 0
Gujarat Mail	11 10	20 20
Delhi Express	6 30	23 45
Kathiwar Express	7 50	21 35
Passenger	21 40	7 5

*Delhi Express trains will stop at Grant Road in both directions and at Dadar in the Down direction

ENGLISH MAIL.

The Mail Steamer "Kashmir" with the outward Mails of the 28th ultimo is expected to arrive in Bombay at 6 a.m. on Saturday next.

PHOENIX TAXI AND TRANSPORT CO.

The Phoenix Taxi and Transport Service Co. Ld. an Indian Company, under the control of its Managing Agent, Mr. C. H. Shah, has, to suit the pockets of both the middle class and the affluent, kept two sorts of cars with fares of eight annas per mile for the second and twelve annas per mile for the first class with seals on the meters, thus nullifying the chance of the unwary passengers being cheated at the hands of unscrupulous drivers.

GIRGAUM CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The following are the 26 representatives elected from the Girgaum Ward to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee:—

(1) R. N. Bapasola; (2) N. H. Belgaumwala; (3) A. N. Bhalerao; (4) D. K. Bhatt; (5) A. H. Dalal; (6) S. A. Dange; (7) Y. S. Deshmukh; (8) Mrs. Awantikabai Gokhale; (9) P. K. Gothkere; (10) N. M. Hallipur; (11) A. N. Kapurna; (12) R. M. Kapadia; (13) L. G. Kharc; (14) A. H. Kulkarni; (15) K. H. Manohar; (16) R. V. Nadkarni; (17) U. K. Oza; (18) R. S. Paddidri; (19) K. N. Pathak; (20) R. K. Prabhu; (21) K. B. Sanzagiri; (22) V. D. Sathye; (23) R. S. Tripathi; (24) Miss Tulaskar; (25) V. R. Wagh; (26) P. G. Wanikar.

DEATH OF A DESERTED CHILD.

Mr. A. R. King, Coroner, held an inquest on Tuesday touching the death of a newly-born male child who was found in the latrine on the ground floor of a house at Parel on Monday evening.

The evidence showed that Vishram Babaji Dabhle, a medical student on inhaling a peculiar stench, made enquiries and found a bundle hanging from a plank on the door. The police were informed and on opening the bundle the body was found. Medical evidence showed no marks of violence nor any signs of asphyxia. The child had been born alive and was breathing. The death was due to insufficient expansion of lungs and want of attention at birth.

Further enquiry was adjourned to enable the police to make enquiries.

BUSINESS MEN !!

Your Success Depends on the Efficiency of your Business Library.

The following books of Professor Sohrab R. Davar of Davar's College of Commerce and the Government College, are the results of experience and study of past twenty-two years. Write and secure them to-day by V. P. Post if you cannot call.

1. COMPANY LAW. (1921) A book written specially for businessmen and students of Commerce dealing with Company Law problems of vital importance to Directors, Company Agents, Managers, Share-holders and Accountants. Rs. 7-0. Just out.
2. MERCANTILE LAW. (1922) 3rd Edition). This book is recognised by the Government Auditors' Diploma Board and is in use by the B. Com. Students of Universities of Bombay and Mysore. It deals with the complete Mercantile Law in a simple language with references and carefully prepared index. Rs. 9 (in press.)
3. HIGHER ACCOUNTING WITH AUDITING NOTES. (1916) A book for Book-keepers. Accountants, Auditors, Accountancy Students and Businessmen. Rs. 6-0.
3. BUSINESS ORGANIZATION, (2nd Edition 1922.) Dealing with problems of Organizations and Promotion of Companies, Systems in use in large business offices, Stock Exchange Practice, Labour efficiency and organization. Secretariat Work and Scientific Advertising. A most valuable book for businessmen. Rs. 7.

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BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

"TAJ" EJECTMENT CASE.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Rao Bahadur Chunilal V. Setalvad, Ag. Chief Presidency Magistrate, A. Gonsalves and 52 other servants belonging to the Green's Hotel were charged with criminal trespass.

Mr. N. Saher, bar-at-law appeared for the Indian Hotels Company, Ltd., while Mr. N. F. Nariman, pleader defended the accused.

Mr. M. P. Gandhi, Secretary of the Indian Hotels Company, Ltd., said the accussed were waiters and dish-boys who were given accommodation over and above their salary. On August 25 a letter was received by him from the accused which was replied to the very next day and the reply was posted at the hotel premises and at the quarters where they resided. On August 27 he recieved another notice from the men. The next day he posted a notice at the staff quarters. After that he came to the Court and filed the complaint. The Company provided them with food. They were using the Company's lights.

A BREEZE IN COURT.

At this stage, as Mr. Pius who was holding Mr. Nariman's brief, was putting a certain question to his Worship. Mr. Saher (shouting out) said that Mr. Pius was raising an irrelevent question and that he (Mr. Pius) was a nuisance at the Bar.

Mr. Pius:—"I appeal to your Worship to ask Mr. Saher to withdraw his words. I am not to be brow-beaten by his words.

Mr. Saher (in an excited mood):—"I am not going to withdraw my words and I repeat that Mr. Pius is a nuisance.

Mr. Pius said that unless Mr. Saher withdrew his words he would not proceed further.

After some time, the case was further proceeded with.

Cross-examined by Mr. Nariman witness said he knew all the accused personally. They all resided in the Green's quarters. The "Management" represented the secretary, manager and assistant manager. He communicated to them through notices. He did not know whether they offered prayers at the altars in the 'Green's' quarters. He was not annoyed by their altars. The conduct of the accused had interfered with his business financially. The service of the new men would improve if they left the quarters. The new waiters were not better housed and therefore, they were inefficient. The hotel premises were now almost full.

The case was then adjourned.

POLICE OFFICER CHARGED WITH ASSAULT.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Panalal Sriram, Marwari merchant appeared with his pleader, Mr. K. F. Nariman and charged Inspector Naden with insult and assault and asked for process.

Mr. Nariman in presenting the information said that that was in respect of an incident that occurred on Monday in the Third Presidency Magistrate's Court. The complainant was present in the Court because he was the surety for an accused person. He was standing in the corridor of the Court. It was Mr. Vijayakar, pleader who appeared for that accused. As soon as the magistrate took his seat, he enquired as to who the Court Officer was and at once gave an order for arrest of those persons who were talking in the Court. Thereupon, Inspector Naden who was in the Court violently pushed the complainant in the presence of three or four pleaders and dragged him out of the Court, with the result that his coat was torn. That morning the complainant was charged in the Honorary Magistrates' Court with "disorderly behaviour in Court" and the case was postponed. Of course the Officer concerned was acting under the instructions of the Third Presidency Magistrate.

Magistrate: "Why do you proceed against the Police Officer?"

Mr. Nariman said that the Officer executed the order of the Magistrate. He would ask His Worship to take up the case against the complainant in His Worship's Court, because it was not an ordinary case of disorderly behaviour, but it was a case of public importance. The order of the magistrate was quite arbitrary.

Magistrate: "If there is great noise in the Court, what is the Magistrate to do?"

Mr. Nariman: "Well, a reasonable order would have been quite sufficient. In that case any pleader can be arrested for talking in the Court."

Magistrate: "Your point is this that the complainant was not disorderly and that he was unnecessarily arrested by the Officer who executed the orders of the Third Presidency Magistrate. The proper thing, then, I think will be to keep this case standing over until the other case against the complainant is finished."

Mr. Nariman: "Your Worship might issue process and let the case stand over."

Magistrate: "It remains to be decided whether the complainant was disorderly or not." Mr. Nariman (interrupting) said that there was the testimony of four pleaders in the case. He did not, at that stage, ask for the conviction of the Police Officer. The complainant's coat was actually torn. It would be unsafe for any citizen to go to Court of law if he was liable to be arrested in that manner. The learned Magistrate further said that the noise would not have been created had there been a European Magistrate in the Court. He (Mr. Nariman) did not know what the Magistrate meant by that.

His Worship, then, kept the case standing over until the other case against the complainant was finished.

MR. E. A. PEERBHOY'S CASE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Ag. Chief Presidency Magistrate further hearing of the case of assault on Mr. E. A. Peerbhoy was resumed on Tuesday.

Cross-examined by Mr. Nariman, Subrao, Victoria-driver, said the Inspector first recorded his statement and then four or five bohras were made to stand before him and he was asked to identify them. He identified accused No. 1 as the assistant of Mr. Ebrahimji.

Cross-examined by Mr. Binning witness said he was about 29 days in Mysore. That was the first time he had come there to give evidence. He was seated on the coach box when the assault was going on. He had never driven Mr. Ebrahim before nor had he seen his Mehta before. He had not seen accused No. 2 before.

The case was, then, adjourned till to-day at 1 p.m. when charges will be framed.

ALLEGED DISORDERLY BEHAVIOUR IN COURT.

At the Esplanade Police Court on Tuesday morning at 8-30 before Messrs. P. C. Sethna and Paowalla, Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Inspector Naiden charged (1) Mr. Panalal Shriram, Marwari merchant; (2) Mr. Ramchandra Gangaram, a clerk in the employ of Mr. B. H. Daruwala, pleader; and (3) Krishna Balu, Law-Library peon with disorderly behaviour in the Court.

Mr. Vibhakar, pleader, defended all the accused.

On the case being called out Mr. Vibhakar said that it would be better if the case was postponed as the defence witnesses were not present in the Court.

Inspector Naiden had no objection to the case being postponed.

The case was adjourned till the 12th instant at 8-30 a.m.

ALL OVER DOGS!

MILL-WORKER CHARGED.

At the Dadar Police Court before Mr. J. N. Mehta additional Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Bird charged one Tukaram Govind, a mill worker with causing hurt with a stone to one Dorabji Framji on the 10th of September last.

Prosecuting Inspector Sabaji Rao conducted the prosecution, while Mr. Gadkeri, pleader defended the accused and Messrs. S. B. Kapadia and Kanuga, pleaders watched the case on behalf of the complainant.

Dorabji Framji, share-broker residing at Fountain Hall, Parel said he kept some dogs for his protection. The accused occasionally brought his dogs in the compound of his bungalow with the object of creating a fight with his (complainant's) dogs. On holidays the accused with two or three others used to come to his bungalow with his (accused's) dogs. The complainant often remonstrated with the accused for his conduct. On the 10th ultimo at about 5-30 p.m. while the complainant was standing in his compound and was about to go out, the gates of the compound were opened. His "Bhaiya" was at the gates of the compound. At that time the complainant saw his dogs fighting with those of the accused. He immediately went out and saw the accused with four or five other persons. The complainant told the accused not to create a fight with his dogs. The accused replied to him saying that he ought to keep his dogs inside the compound. The complainant called the accused "Bojroo". Upon this, the accused began throwing stones, one of which struck the complainant on his left eye. He, then, arrested the accused. There were 2 or four other persons with the accused who dragged the complainant to the Chawl where they resided and belaboured him. His "Bhaiya" immediately came to his assistance. The accused hit the Bhaiya and his head with the result that he bled profusely. He could not come out of the chawl as those persons prevented him. The complainant got excited. In the meantime, the complainant's sons, Rustom and Jal came to his assistance and took him back to his bungalow. He was bleeding profusely at the time and had his wounds dressed up by Dr. Batliwalla and came out again and saw the accused lying inside the compound. At that time stones were thrown from outside and a large crowd collected which forcibly opened the gates of his compound. The crowd rushed at him and began pelting stones at him. The men who forcibly opened the gates of the compound had sticks in their hands. His son Jal, at the time, fired a revolver-shot at the crowd which did not still disperse. His son's object in firing the revolver-shot was not to kill anybody in the crowd. As the crowd did not disperse and continued throwing stones at him, his son, Rustom fired at the crowd. In the meantime the firebrigade arrived on the spot. Afterwards Police Inspector Bird with a party of police constables came to the spot when the accused was lying in the portico of his compound. The Police took his "Bhaiya" and the accused to the hospital.

The case was, then, adjourned till Thursday next.

AN IRANI FINED

On the 28th ult. at the Mazagon Police Court, was heard and decided a case before Mr. D. N. Khandalawalla, Magistrate, in which Bai Shirin Bai Gustad Irani had charged one Faredun Behram Khairavai with insult and abuse.

The case for the prosecution was that she had been a witness in a case against the sister of the accused Faredun Behram Khairawai, by name Pirojbai Allayar, and in which case the latter had to express regret and pay Rs. 30 to Dr. Masina Hospital fund, and that ever since then the accused Faredun Behram Khairavai bore ill-feelings towards her.

On the 9th August 1922, the accused Faredun, it was stated, assaulted the complainant's dog, and on the complainant remonstrating with him for the same, he the accused, his mother Meherbai and his sister Mokhorshud Khodadad Gurgin all abused her, the complainant, in the most objectionable manner.

The Magistrate after taking evidence, declared the offence proved, and convicted and sentenced the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 20 or in default two weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

In this case, Mr. M. A. Somji, Bar-at-Law, represented the complainant, whereas Messrs. K. F. Nariman and F. D. Kanga, Pleaders, represented the accused.

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS.

MEETING FOR DEPRESSED CLASSES.

A public meeting, under the auspices of the Committee for the Removal of Untouchability, will be held in the Improvement Trust chawl, (opposite Simplex Mill, Jacob Circle) to-day (Wednesday) at 8 p.m. (S. T.) under the presidency of R. B. Chuilal Setalwad, Chief Presidency Magistrate, when important resolutions on untouchability and the interests of the Depressed classes will be moved. It is open to the public.

"DOCTRINE OF LORD BUDDHA"

Under the auspices of the Buddha Society, a public lecture will be deliverd by Upasaka Tapasvoo A. L. D. Mynn (the well-known English Buddhist Sadhu), at the Cama Oriental Institute, Hornby Road, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. when all are cordially invited to attend.

BYCULLA DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The adjourned meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. in Mr. V. A. Desai's office, 72, Apollo Street, Fort.

BOMBAY PROV. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The sixth ordinary monthly meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee for the City of Bombay will be held to-day (Wednesday), at Krishna Bldg., Fort, at 6 p.m. (S. T.) and on subsequent days till the work of the Committee is completed.

FORTHCOMING MEETINGS,

DIWALI ILLUMINATIONS.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee a Public Meeting will be held at Morarji Gokuldas Hall, Cavel, to-morrow (Thursday, at 9 p.m. when Shriyut Khadilkar will preside and Messrs. J. K. Mehta, Manilal Kothari, Motiwala, B. N. Maheseri, J. B. Patel, Nanabhai D. Upadhiya, and Ramniyaram Tripathi will speak on "Persuading the people to forego their usual illuminations and fireworks with foreign material".

PARSI RAJKEYA SABHA.

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Sabha, there will be a Public Meeting at the Marzaki Vidyalaya Hall on Saturday 14th inst. at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) to celebrate the Jayanti of Akbar, when Messrs. Kolaskar, N. B. Vibhakar, S. R. Khopkar, H. Prasad, S. A. Dange, Prof. Puntambekar and Lalit will speak on the life and reign of Akbar.

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

ALLEGED MURDER OF A POLICE CONSTABLE.

ACCUSED SENTENCED TO DEATH.

ACQUITTED BY THE HIGH COURT.

Shankar Moti and another

vs.

The King-Emperor.

Before Sir Lallubhai Shah, Acting Chief Justice and Justice Crump.

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. R. E. A. Elliott, Sessions Judge of Broach. He agreeing with one of the assessors and disagreeing with the other found the accused guilty of murder and sentenced them to death under Section 302 of the Indian Penal Code.

The facts material to the case are briefly these:—

That accused No. 1 Shanker Moti and the deceased Jagannath Fatesingh were two constables employed at an outpost at Mirakhedi on the Dahad-Jhalod Road for purposes of patrol. It was alleged by the prosecution that the accused had a 'wanjari' girl as mistress for the deceased, but afterwards conceived the idea of obtaining another paramour for the girl and killed the deceased.

The accused pleaded not guilty and stated that they had not committed the offence. They did not know how the Bhoiova died.

The Sessions Judge observed "The case is a very peculiar one as absolutely no motive has been proved by the prosecution for this crime and the only suggestion is that accused 1 who had throughout helped to get for deceased a 'wanjari' girl of rather attractive appearance as mistress conceived the idea of obtaining another paramour for her and killed the deceased from the sordid motive of selling the girl to this paramour. That paramour has not been called as a witness so that there is no evidence that this was so in fact. There is no doubt that there was trouble about women. The main evidence is that of the approver Bai Kesari, the girl mistress of the deceased. In considering her evidence it must be remembered that she did not state the facts to the police or implicate accused until 27th though questioned by the Police on the 25th and 26th. He is unable to ascribe any motive as to why accused should kill deceased. The case appears a weak one against accused. On the other hand the conduct of accused is inexplicable if he is innocent of the crime. It seems impossible that the murder could have been committed without the knowledge of the accused who were next door separated only by a wall from the scene of the murder. In these circumstances the conclusion is irresistible that the girl's story must be true, her long story told with obvious sincerity and honesty must be accepted as true. It is further corroborated in so many particulars by the admissions of accused that they were present next door. I come therefore to the irresistible conclusion that for some reason not known accused 1 had determined to kill deceased and that all his acts from the 21st were all acts in a carefully considered design to murder the accused and to exculpate himself. Agreeing, therefore, with one assessor and disagreeing with the other I find accused guilty of deliberate murder and sentence them to death."

Their Lordships after hearing arguments observed that in this case there was not convincing evidence to bring home the charge of murder on the accused. It was not safe to rely on the evidence of the approver Bai Kasri. Their Lordships therefore ordered the accused to be acquitted.

Mr. M. H. Mehta and Mr. N. K. Mehta appeared for the first and second accused respectively.

The Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10.

Extremely idle conditions have prevailed in all sections of the market to-day. Howrahs opened at 44 and fell away a rupee, sellers being in evidence all day. Centurys were in request and Craigs were hard to buy at Rs. 7-8. A contract passed in Birla (pref) at Rs. 62. Coals were dull though there were buyers of Borrea, Bhalgora, Raneegunge, Standard and West Jamuria, Burrakurs were again on offer. Cotton shares were dull and generally unchanged. In the miscellaneous section a fair business passed in Madan Theatres at quotations rate. British India Corporation (def) were done at Rs. 17-4. Indian Iron and Steels were steady to firm. Indo-Burma Tins were on sale. Imperial Banks (fully paid) receded to Rs 1,348. Alliance Banks were done at Rs. 136 with sellers over. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government Securities:—5 per cent war loan 1945-55 at 89-14, 6 per cent Bonds (1926) at 100-6, 6 per cent Bonds (1932) at 100-10 s. 1.

Banks:—Imperial Bank (fully paid) 1348. Alliance Bank of Simla (ord) 136.

Railways:—Bankura Damoder Railway 47-8, Darjeeling Himalyan Railway 148.

Cotton:—Dunbar 305, Kesoram 10-12.

Jute:—Auckland 182 s. 1., Belvedere (pref) 93-8, Birla (pref) 62, Clive 32, Clive (7 per cent pref) 92-8, Dalhousie 315, Dalhousie (pref) 100, Empire (pref) 101, Fort Gloster 700, Gourepore 593, Howrah 43-4, Kanknarrah 435 s. 1., Northbrook 54-8, Reliance 44-8.

Coal:—Bhalgora 11-4, Borrea 30-8, Raneegunge 55 s. 1., Standard 64-12, Talcher 3, West Jamuria 9-8.

Miscellaneous:—Kangra Valley Slate 140, Burn and Co. 7 per cent (pref) 99, Indian Iron and Steel 52, Kumardhubi Engineering 5, British India Corporation (ord) 8-12, British India Corporation (def) 17-4, British India Tobacco 1-11, Madan Theatres 6-12.

Tea:—Bishnauth Tea 10-12, East India Tea 50.

Exchange:—Bank Telegraphic Transfer one shilling three twenty-one thirty-two pence and demand bills one shilling 3 11/16 pence.

WE CANNOT AFFORD WAR.

SAY LONDON'S FINANCIAL CIRCLES.

"The City was full of rumours of a favourable kind yesterday afternoon regarding the position in the Near Eat, wrote the City Editor of a "London Paper," in mail week, and the effect upon the Stock Exchange was a sharp rebound in prices. Opinion in the City has steadily disbelieved in the danger of war, and hence, while in some quarters it was considered that the war clouds were gathering in the Near East, no great effect could be seen on the course of business. It is true a cautious attitude was adopted and dealings fell off, but the belief that public opinion would not tolerate any military operations on a large scale was apparently unshakeable. Opinion in financial circles during the past few days has been hardening on the political aspect, and expressions were becoming stronger against anything like war. It was therefore believed that the present trouble would pass, and yesterday afternoon rumours encouraged the opinion that the danger was over. This is possibly a premature view, as experience has shown that matters in the Near East are not disposed of so speedily, and there may yet be unpleasant incidents before there is an end to the pressure of the Kemalists; but if the danger of employing ships and other armed forces should arise the City would require to be convinced by very strong reasons of the need for their activity.

The views now current are based on the recognition of the financial position of the Allies, not excluding ourselves. The direct cost of warlike expeditions would be considerable, but it would be nothing to the indirect losses that would be sustained by commerce and industry. A further interruption to trade as a result of a war would shatter the recovery that has been taking place in our economic position, and would dash to the ground hopes, of which there has been too slender promise, of remission of taxation, direct or indirect. Industry is suffering from the burden of taxation as much as from the impoverishment of Europe, and to unsettle what trade exists and check the disposition to new enterprises would be a blow from which it would take the country a long time to recover. The burden of the debt and the damage to our trade as the result of the last war has left us with little recuperative power. In short, the opinion in financial circles is that with a 5s. income-tax, not to speak of super-tax and death duties, and heavy duties on many articles of daily consumption, we cannot afford to go to war without jeopardising our position as a trading nation. The difficulties of meeting the present burden of taxation are borne out by the admission of the Chancellor to the large amount of income-tax outstanding at the end of the last financial year, and if there should be another upset the prospect of balancing the Budget would be small, while the chances of any reduction in taxation would be killed for a considerable time. The view that war is not only undesirable, but unthinkable, has kept the City calm, and the removal of the danger, as it seemed to-day, was readily accepted and made for a distinctly better tone."

BARRACKPORE AUTUMN MEETING.

HORSES LEFT IN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10.

THE ROSARY PLATE. Distance about furlongs.

May Morn 10-7, Banner 8-9, Niggs 8-4, Irish Molly 7-9, Cambridge 7-8, Cheeky Girl 7-7.

THE SOPWITH PLATE. Distance about 5 furlongs.

Sir Isaac 10-2, Miss Speargrass 9-9, Alford Hall 9-10, Beisha Girl 8-11, Edgar's Jewel 8-10, Galoshe 7-7, Be Sharp 7-7.

THE ASANSOL PLATE. (Div. I. Distance about 1 mile.

Beppo Star 9-10, Marble Rock 9-3, Guileless 8-12, Smoke Wreath 8-4, Aquae Solis 7-8, Cattle Florin 7-7.

THE CHESTER PLATE. Distance about 7 furlongs.

Simple Simon 9-3, Radius 9-0, Chauntress 8-0, Torchlight 7-13, Mudeford Rex 7-12, Winning Way 7-9, Volage Pet 7-8 Verland Rose 7-7.

THE ASANSOL PLATE. (Div. II.) Distance 1 mile.

Well Over 9-9, Jolly Friar 9-7, Charrio 9-5, The Brat 9-5, Leading Girl 9-3, Strange Likeness 8-6, Alien Daisy 8-1, Cylarity 7-13.

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BOMBAY'S UNIQUE EXHIBITION.

The spacious grounds of the Madhav Baug, which affords temporary resting place to many an up-country Hindus and also caters for the spiritual wants of many devout local Hindus have added to its charms by the opening there of the Industrial, Art and Khadi Exhibition. Since Sunday last when the Exhibition was in picturesque appearance, for therein is stored India's secret of economic salvation, viz. works of art and handicraft. There are about 60 stalls converted into two divisions, viz., one on the ground floor and the other on the first floor. The first-floor division contains machine-made goods made in India, while the ground-floor division presents India's artistic handiwork; in other words: (1) khadi stalls and (2) general stalls. The khadi stalls present to the visitor's view all that pertains to khadi, from a shirt and a sari to a bed-sheet, and all that a man or woman requires for a decent covering while the general stalls contain cotton goods, woollen and silk goods, hosiery, embroidery, knitting and anti needlework, metal goods (handy machinery, agricultural implements, safes, locks and sundries) glassware, toilet requisites, such as soaps, perfumery, hair oils, etc., chemical and surgical instruments, wood and cane work, leather goods, stone-work, potteries and tiles, carpets and rugs, minerals, printing materials, etc.

CHARKHA'S DELIGHTFUL MUSIC.

Just at the entrance of the Enquiry Office, one is greeted with the life-sized photo of Mahatma Gandhi, the father of Swaraj movement. A few paces further, and the Charka gives delight to the observer by its swift movement caused by the electric switch.

It is worth while paying a visit to the Exhibition and see for himself or herself by the electric energy instead of manual labour.

There are certain attractive artistic works done by purely manual labour. For instance, there are embroidered or jar saris, silk and cotton socks and stockings, all-wool rugs sold at the Gujerat Swadeshi Stores, also beautiful samples of Kairak's Hosiery Works which at once arrest the attention of visitors.

Mr. Belgaumwala's factory has turned out some beautiful specimens of carpets which are very decidedly lrable. Mr. N. L. Khambatta and Co., (of Ganesh Mahal, Kalbadevi Road), have opened a stall of leather and canvas goods which are also in appearance, compared favourably to the foreign makes.

EXHIBITS FROM OUT OF BOMBAY.

Apart from Bombay, remote places like Umreth and Broach too have contributed their quota substantially, by sending fine and artistic works to the Exhibition, and, the Exhibition could not complete without representation from the far-off Bengal. The Calcutta Horn Manufacturing Co., have, in their stall, all requisites of daily-life, viz., fancy toys, combs, penholders, shaving brushes, paint brushes etc. That India can make toilet soaps superior in quality, and cheap in price, can easily be found out by giving a casual glance at the stall of the Indian Industrial Development.

Bombay is not only a seaport but the Gate of India, and, therefore, an Exhibition of this kind is an imperative necessity, for it gives a chance to thousands of persons, to see for themselves what India is capable of producing, and what are the possibilities of future developments.

To-day free cinema show will be exhibited by the management to the visitors.

BYCULLA WARD'S STALL.

Under the auspices of the Byculla Congress Committee, a stall has been opened representing the true idea of Swarajya. A row of handlooms has been set up for exhibition. Each handloom weaves nine yards by fifty inches of cloth per day. Every afternoon, from 3 p.m. till 9 p.m., these handlooms are operated before the visitors. The handlooms being portable, are not only very convenient but also handy as they do not occupy much space.

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14.	Robert Macaire, 2 vols.	1	4
15.	Grace Darling	0	12
16.	Young Fisherman	0	10
17.	Mary Stuart, 2 vols.	1	4
18.	May Middleton, 2 vols.	1	8
19.	Kenneth, 4 vols.	2	0
20.	Necromancer, 3 vols.	2	4
21.	Masters Timothy's Book Case, 3 vols.	1	12
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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, October 11, 1922.

MAHATMA IN JAIL.

According to an Associated Press message, "enquiries made about Mr. Gandhi now in Yeravda Jail show that he is in sound health and is cheerful in disposition." The message also added that the Mahatma had regained three pounds in weight. The news that the Mahatma is in sound health will be received with considerable relief by millions of his countrymen, who await all information about the state of his health with keen anxiety, and doubtless it will be cabled to all parts of the world with a view to create the impression that the Mahatma is being treated with all consideration due to him, by a generous Government. The world will not, of course, know the other side of the picture, which is that by the orders of a solicitous Government he is entirely cut off from the world which he dominated when free and which he dominates more though in jail. In reply to Mr. Jehangir Petit's question in the Council whether Mahatma Gandhi was not "allowed newspapers of any kind, and not even purely literary books and periodicals", the Home Member said that "books and periodicals" were allowed. Does this mean that no newspapers of any kind are allowed to the Mahatma? The supply of light at night is still withheld on the ground that no application has been received from the Mahatma for this "privilege" and the gracious announcement is made that such application when made will receive "consideration"! As the "Tribune" says: "Neither as a result of these attempts in the Legislative Council nor of the agitation in the public press, has the reformed Government of Bombay, which includes as many as 4 Indian members out of a total of 8, thought it fit to change their attitude in regard to the treatment in jail of a man whose high principles and noble character elicit the admiration of friend and foe alike. Could anything show either more clearly or more convincingly that in all vital things the form and system of government remains the "wooden, iron, inelastic and antiquated" thing it was before the Reforms?"

So much for the Government. As for the Mahatma the information that he is cheerful in disposition is superfluous. For, it would be grossly to misunderstand him and the movement that he has led even to imagine that he would be anything but cheerful in jail. He has accepted the sacrifice willingly and even deliberately and nothing that any mortal can do will break his indomitable spirit. As he wrote to Hakim Ajmal Khan from Sabarmati Jail: "I flatter myself with the belief that my imprisonment is quite enough for a long time to come. I believe in all humility that I have no ill-will against any one. We contemplated the imprisonment of the most innocent. If I may be allowed that claim it is clear that I should not be followed to prison by anybody at all. We do want to paralyse the Government considered as a system—not, however, by intimidation, but by the irresistible pressure of our innocence. In my opinion it would be intimidation to fill the jails anyhow. And why should more innocent men seek imprisonment till one considered the most innocent has been found inadequate for the purpose?" These words sum up the great moral victory which the cause of India, of the East, of Right against Wrong, has won by the Mahatma's great sacrifice.

But the moral victory, having been won, must be consolidated. The prosecution of the Mahatma was the despairing reaction of the bureaucratic system of Government to the pressure exerted by the Non-Co-operation movement, under his guidance, for its replacement by Government by the people. That pressure is still being exerted by the imprisonment of the Mahatma. For, it was truly said by an Englishman, who was not a friend of the Non-Cooperation movement, that Gandhi in jail was more powerful than Gandhi free. But this truth has to be brought home to the British people and the world. It can be brought home by the Indian people remaining true to their leader and carrying out his programme to its triumphant end. They can successfully complete the task that they owe to their leader and to their country only when everyone of them feels the burning indignation in his heart that the imprisonment of the Mahatma is a challenge to himself, to his right to be free, and transmutes that indignation into a quiet but determined resolve not to rest or spare himself until, by all legitimate strivings and sacrifices, he has secured the release of the Mahatma. For, India will be free only when the Mahatma is freed from jail.

MYSORE.

"The Mysore Government at the present moment deserve, I think, some sympathy and forbearance. They are hemmed in on all sides by the bugbear of financial stringency." Such is the appeal which Mr. A. R. Banerji, Dewan of Mysore, made at the close of his address to the Dasara session of the Representative Assembly. The appeal, we think, was superfluous, considering that no administration in Mysore has in recent times enjoyed such immunity from criticism as that of Mr. Banerji. When he succeeded to the legacy of chaos and administrative ineptitude bequeathed by his predecessor in office, we felt that Mr. Banerji was entitled to special consideration, and we believe he has enjoyed that consideration in an exceptional degree. Mr. Banerji's address to the Assembly is a concrete proof of his desire to purge the administration of all undesirable incrustations and to make it an efficient subservient of public interests. Mr. Banerji means well and has also the strength of will to enforce his decisions, and if he had elected to remain among the bureaucrats of British India, he would have made a first-rate administrator. In an Indian State, his opportunities are limited, and there are elements which always seek to thwart the progressive tendencies of efficient administrators. Especially during the past few years, these elements have proved the rock on which progressive administration has foundered. These elements have become strongly rooted in the Palace, and since they pose as acting in the name of the Maharaja, it has become difficult to root them out. The fate of Sir M. Visveswaraya's administration must be a warning to all strong-willed administrators. Sir M. Visveswaraya was not a reactionary; he loved Mysore with the intensity of a great patriot, and had the highest ambition of leaving Mysore a progressive and prosperous State; but his misfortune was he had a will of his own and realised his responsibilities as Dewan. To the Palace clique, which had traded in the name of the Maharaja, his administration became hateful and no stone was left unturned by that clique to pull him down from the Dewanship. After years of intrigue, they succeeded in making his position as the responsible head of the administration absolutely untenable, and when the real story comes to be known, it will be found that he resigned the Dewanship in disgust, before the vast schemes, which he had launched, had matured.

Sir M. Kantaraj Urs succeeded Sir M. Visveswaraya, and in his short-lived regime, the Palace cabal became once more supreme in the administration, which accounts for the adoption of numerous reactionary measures, which have led to administrative and financial chaos in Mysore. It was an Augean Stable indeed Sir Kantaraj Urs left behind and we wonder whether Mr. Banerji is blessed with the herculean strength that is required to clean it out. In the details of administration, he has already given many proofs of his capacity to do things that would redound to the credit of the best administration in the world. But in regard to essentials, things seem more or less to be where they were when he became Dewan. From all accounts, the Cabal in the Palace is growing stronger day by day. For those who have been bred in stories of Mysore's progressiveness, it may be difficult to grasp the realities of the situation. Mr. Banerji ought to be aware of the Police scandal in some districts of the State and how brutal crimes are sometimes left undetected. Complaints against some high officials of the State are not unknown. Famine conditions are threatening in some parts, and the sustaining power of the people was seldom at a lower ebb than at present. The State Treasury is in a bankrupt condition, more or less, however much it may be camouflaged by labelling it otherwise. Communal jealousies and class hatred which were fanned into flame during the preceding administration, help to darken the outlook of the State.

We have no wish to take an unnecessarily alarmist view of the position in Mysore; but it is difficult to evade facts. The position of the Dewan is a difficult one and it is not rendered less difficult by the intriguing propensities of the Palace clique. Mr. Banerji is indeed a brave man to have shouldered the responsibilities of the administration at such a time. His only chance of success, in an office, which has been the grave of the reputations of some of the best and most efficient administrators, lies in keeping down the Palace clique and preventing any encroachment on the legitimate authority of his high office, even in the name of the Maharaja. It seems to us that the Maharaja is a shrewd ruler and possessed of sufficiently progressive ideas to make us hope that, when he once sees through the machinations of the clique, which is now exploiting his name to the detriment of the government of the State, he will not oppose his Dewan in his attempts to purge the State. The ideal of the present Maharaja, as was that of his late father, is the identity of the interests of the State and its subjects, and where the Dewan also is actuated by the same ideal, there can be no difficulty in harmonising the views of the one with those of the other. The chief obstacles are a lack of effective mutual—and personal—understanding between the Maharaja and his Dewan, and the undue reliance placed in recent times on the Palace clique as a conduit pipe between the two. It should be increasingly the aim of the Dewan to eliminate those obstacles.

SUCCESS OF GUJARAT.

Ten lakhs of rupees have been collected by the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee in a short while on behalf of the Gujarat Vidyapith, the National University at Ahmedabad of which Mahatma Gandhi is the founder. That is no mean feat at such a time as this, and it proves not only that the reputation of the Vidyapith stands high already, not only that the cause of National Education is supported by the public, but also that the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee is trusted by the public. We have already called it the most efficient Provincial Congress Committee in all India, deserving to be taken as a model by the others. Its organisation is the best, its zeal the greatest, its discipline the most complete and, most important point of all where public confidence is invited, its accounts are strictly kept and in most perfect order. It has had the advantage over the Committees of other provinces of working under the personal direction of Mahatmaji for many months, and since the great leader's imprisonment its work has not a whit deteriorated nor has its enthusiasm diminished under the presidentship of Mr. Vallabhai Patel. The collection of so large a sum of money in so short a while shows the high esteem in which the Gujarat Committee is held and the confidence inspired by its unselfish workers. We congratulate the Committee on the achievement of what at first must have appeared an almost impossible object, and the public of Bombay upon so liberally contributing to that object, and showing their appreciation of a noble effort of constructive work by Indians for the future good of India.

Notes of the Day

J. J. Hospital Scandal.

If the Government of Bombay imagine that they can stop all controversy and set at rest all doubts by the publication of a one-sided and incomplete Press Note in regard to the recent J. J. Hospital scandal, they are mistaken. All the efforts made in the Legislative Council and elsewhere have not proved of any avail to move the Government one single inch from the position they have taken up in the matter. The Press Note has aroused bitter controversy, not of a very flattering nature to the Government. The public feel that the whole truth has not been placed before them, and as long as this attitude is adopted it is vain to hope for the agitation or the controversy to subside. The Hon. Mr. Pheroze C. Sethna was in no mood of compunction in the Corporation on Monday. He did not dismiss the whole thing with a gesture of apology. He adhered to his previous statements and added some more. He was definite and quoted specific instances to prove what he had said, that the hospital was not only ill-managed, but the patients were starved, ill-fed, ill-clothed and ill-treated. He also made very serious allegations which no Government can regard with somnolence or utter disregard. He said: "Dressings for wounds and stores for out-patients are not only absolutely insufficient but made up at times of material which would be *unfit for cleaning floors*. There have been instances when even such poor material was not available and pieces of brown paper and string were used to cover up wounds In the case of in-patients in the surgical wards dressings of the proper material are available although in limited quantities, but in the medical wards as a rule there is no arrangement for sterilised dressings." In cases of serious wounds, Mr. Sethna alleged, prophylactic anti-tetanics are rarely given on account of their cost. He added that very damaging facts, of which the public were not aware, were laid in clear terms before the Minister. He had, in fact, no difficulty in demolishing the case which the Press Note tried to bolster up.

Public Enquiry Essential.

Dr. Sukhis, whom we welcome back to the Corporation, took part in the debate as a matter of course, and treated the Corporation to a long and tiresome speech about the constitutional aspects of the question. Mr. V. J. Patel, Mr. K. F. Nariman and other lawyers are better able to appreciate the constitutional difficulties of the question than Dr. Sukhia who, however versatile he may be, is not a match for clever lawyers. The whole burden of his speech seemed to be that if the Corporation went to the Government they would only get a rebuff from them. But Dr. Sukhia's amendment only secured two votes—one his own and the other that of his supporter, Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas. Mr. Kanji, characteristically, made a bitter attack against this journal. He accused us of exploiting the sufferings of humanity for political purposes; on the other hand, it is men of his persuasion who have done that. Mr. Kanji had evidently no feelings for the poor and suffering patients but his heart went out to the Minister, because some hard words were spoken against him. Mr. Kanji must remember that it was Co-operators like Mr. Sethna, Mr. Mody, Mr. Dabholkar and others who strongly criticised the Minister—and it was "The Chronicle" which said that, without the publication of all facts, it was impossible to decide either way. Mr. Kanji, however, must exploit even such a sad affair as that of the J. J. Hospital for political purposes. This is not the first occasion that he has done so. Even on Monday last, the most damaging speech was made by Mr. Sethna and not by Mr. Nariman. We have no desire to prolong the controversy indefinitely, but we hope that although Mr. Kanji is the proverbial young man in a hurry, he will not forget that some regard must be paid to facts. We are now waiting to see what steps Government will take to end the scandal. A thorough public investigation is needed, in order to allay the public feeling which has been aroused. There is really not much difference between the proposition of Mr. Patel and Mr. Sethna's amendment, and the Corporation did well in accepting the latter and throwing a challenge to Government.

B. P. C. C. And Municipal Nationalist Party.

We are given to understand that at its meeting to-day the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will give consideration to a letter from the Municipal Nationalist Party requesting that a few representatives of the Committee should be appointed to co-operate with the Party. The Party, if we are not incorrectly informed, has already decided about the candidates at the next Municipal elections. If this is so, it is hardly fair to the Provincial Congress Committee. It has been on the *tapis* for a long time that the Congress organisations in the City intend to run their own candidates in national interests, and not in the interests of any class or party. The Municipal Nationalist Party, by its hasty action, has complicated matters. It is not late in the day for the Party, however, to harmonise its aims with those of the Congress Committee and co-operate with it. The result of to-day's meeting of the Provincial Committee will, therefore, be awaited with no little interest.

Joint Stock Enterprise in 19121-22.

The annual review of the working of joint-stock companies in Bombay for 1921-22 unfolds yet another chapter in the dismal story of the industrial depression now prevailing in India. On every page, in every table, is the unmistakable stamp of declining prosperity. Thus, as against 180 new registrations in 1920-21, the year under review shows only 92, or 87 share companies of limited liability, and 5 limited by guarantee. Of the former 41 were public companies, the largest number being banking, loan and investment companies, with the truly industrial sections of mills and presses, mining and quarrying, left absolutely blank. The Registrar explains the decline by attributing it "mainly to the general trade depression which much hampers the commencement of new enterprise, but an additional factor is probably the reaction of the investing public consequent to the failure of many of the unstable companies floated during the boom of 1919-20, coupled with the tightness of money and the heavy fall in the Stock Exchange values of shares." If this remark is true as applied to conditions prevailing before 31st March, 1922, when some of the leading operators on the Stock Exchange were heroically straining to keep up the spirit of the market and its tone, what would be the case in the current year 1922-23 when life seems to have been beaten out of the Stock Exchange market? Mr. Mitchell finds in the persistence of the private company (the advantages of which—and those of the device of limited liability partnerships—do not seem to be fully appreciated by industrial financiers in India) a symptom of the same disease. For he says: "The trade depression probably has the effect of keeping the number of private companies up as when in favourable times a partnership is satisfactory, in times of stress the advantage of limited liability is more carefully considered. The incidence of taxation is a contributory cause to the number of private companies."

Bad Times.

Whether it is due to the number of liquidations or to the reductions in capital, Mr. Mitchell records the fact that "the result of the year's working is a net decrease of Rs. 3.23 crores in the authorised capital of companies." But it is clearly a sign of bad times and restricted credit facilities—incidentally reflecting upon the working of the Imperial Bank—to find that there was "a net increase of Rs. 46.04 crores and Rs. 24.31 crores respectively in the subscribed and paid-up capital." Companies would not convert such an excellent reserve as their uncalled capital into accrued liabilities, unless they were hard put to it to find cheap floating capital to meet their current obligations, thereby suggesting rather limited banking and credit facilities, though this is precisely the enterprise most favoured by Company promoters in the year under review. It may also be due to the admittedly imperfect appreciation of the different alternatives of industrial financing in India. In spite of acute depression, however, the figures of the aggregate authorised, subscribed and paid-up capital of the companies—Rs. 282.50 crores, Rs. 144.41 crores and Rs. 88.18 crores respectively compare sufficiently favourably with the corresponding figures for 1913-14 and do not discourage the advocates of an intensive Protectionist policy from persisting in their demand, if for no other reason, simply to afford a breathing space to our industrial *entrepreneurs*. It would make the report more serviceable and instructive if the appended statement III had a column to show in what form the increase took place.

An Objectionable Paragraph.

We very much regret that a highly objectionable paragraph appeared under the general heading *En Passant* in last Sunday's edition of "The Chronicle". It was headed "Long live our Judges" and contained matter which we never should have allowed to go to press if we had seen it previously. We apologise to the Chief Justice and Judges of the High Court for the offensive expressions it contained, and for the appearance of such a paragraph in our paper, as the result of defective supervision due to illness.

TURKISH MOVEMENTS STOPPED.

SOVIET HELP TO ANGORA.

CHURCHILL'S OPTIMISM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Constantinople.—In response to General Harington's letter, Ismet Pasha has intimated that he has ordered the cessation of Turkish troops movements, and explained that the movements both at Ismid and Chanak were due purely to local orders.

CABINET DISCUSS CURZON'S REPORT.

OPTIMISTIC REPORTS FROM CONSTANTINOPLE.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

There is no definite news of the Mudania Conference, but it is known that discussions there are proceeding.

The Cabinet, this evening, discussed Lord Curzon's report on his conversations in Paris, and considered, provisionally, the arrangements for the Peace Conference, but no decision was reached.

Reports from Constantinople are more optimistic in regard to the attitude of the Turks towards the Allies' proposals for a settlement.

PROSPECT OF SETTLEMENT.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

The prospect of an early settlement is bright according to a telegram from Constantinople read by Mr. Churchill to his constituents at Dundee. He said he thought we would get through our troubles in the Near East alright.

EMIGRATION OF THRACIAN CHRISTIANS.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

Athens.—The emigration of the entire Christian population in East Thrace is considered inevitable. Thracian deputies are going to their constituencies to arrange emigration as best they can. The emigrants will be removed to West Thrace and other parts of Greece.

MISUNDERSTANDINGS AT MUDANIA.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Constantinople.—The French and Italian Generals returned from Mudania, yesterday, owing to differences between the British and the French texts of instructions sent from Paris. After supplementary instructions had been asked from Paris, London and Rome, the Generals left at night for Mudania, and it is hoped the protocol will be signed as soon as further instructions are received.

Mustapha Kemal Pasha has been urgently telegraphed to come to Mudania in order to hasten the solution of the crisis.

Premier Poincare, this morning, despatched supplementary instructions to General Pelle to disperse the misunderstanding at Mudania in regard to the delimitation of the new neutral zone and the number of the Turkish gendarmerie allowed to enter Thrace.

UKRAINE'S AID TO KEMALISTS.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Riga.—Volunteers have been enrolled in Petrograd to assist the Kemalists, and a number of Volunteers sailed on a transport from Odessa last week.

The Ukrainian Government has granted sixty-eight thousand gold roubles to organise a Red Cross division to be sent to Turkey.

Official and Personal.

His Excellency attended the performance of the "Yeomen the Guard" at the Excelsior Theatre, Bombay, on the same evening.

Mr. L. Stuart I.C.S. has been appointed Judge of Allahabad High Court vice Sir William Tudball retired.

His Excellency accompanied by Mr. C. M. Adam Private Secretary, Major H. G. Vaux Military Secretary, and Captain J. H. Carmichael and J. R. Aird Aides-de Camp left for Bombay on Monday afternoon.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon arrived in Madras on the 10th inst. by special train from Ootacamund.

Earl Winterton arrived at Darjeeling on 10th inst. by motor from Siliguri and proceeded to Government House where he will stay as the guest of the Governor. He was accompanied by the Maharaja of Burdwan who had been visiting the flooded area.

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent, at the request of the Viceroy and with the assent of the Secretary of State, will remain in India as member of the Executive Council of the Governor-General in charge of the Home Department till the 1st week of December next.

Hon'ble Mr. J. Donald who had been temporarily appointed member of Executive Council in place of Hon'ble Sir John Kerr, present Governor of Assam, has also left Calcutta on October 9th for Darjeeling.

Pandit Motilal Nehru expressed his willingness to preside over the Provincial Conference to be held at Dehra Dun.

Mr. C. R. Das who is staying at Murree is stated to be improving in health. Mr. Das proposes to stay at Murree till the beginning of November.

RECRUITING FOR ANGORA LEGION.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Oct. 9.

Last night a mass meeting held under the auspices of the Provincial Khilafat Committee Maulana Abdul Majid Badayuni, presiding, a Resolution was passed supporting the Angora Legion. The speakers were Messrs Kastori Ranga Ayyangar, K. Santonam Hakimji, Maulana Mazharuddin and Saiyi Haidar Riza. The latter appealed for ten thousand volunteers for the Legion and promised to lead them himself. Great enthusiasm prevailed. A large number offered themselves as volunteers.

AUSTRALIA AND BRITISH EMPIRE.

LONDON, Oct. 8.

Melbourne.—In a speech, the Prime Minister Mr. Hughes said: "If is the Imperial Government's duty to speak for the Empire on foreign questions, and it is our duty to range ourselves on its side, but Australia should have a voice in framing its foreign policy."

NEW LOW RECORD FOR GERMAN MARK.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

A new low record for the German mark was registered in London to-day, the closing quotation being 12,600. The slump is due to heavy Continental selling, following on a wider recognition that Germany is largely meeting the Reparations payments by the sale of huge quantities of paper marks abroad.

AGITATION AGAINST PRINCES' PROTECTION BILL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 9.

Apropos the controversy over the Princes' Press Protection Bill which was refused introduction in the Legislative Assembly, but which was passed in the Council of State on certification by the Viceroy, it is understood that notices have been given of resolutions and a few questions during the Delhi session of the Indian legislature. In the Council of State Mr. Raza Ali intends to move that all correspondence that has passed between the Secretary of State, the Government of India, the Ruling Princes, Chiefs and durbars, the Political Agents, residence of Indian States and Local Governments relating to the Bill be published. In the Assembly Mr. Neogi will raise the question by moving for the publication of correspondence between the Secretary of State and the Government of India. He has also got over half a dozen interpellations with a view to elicit answers in full on the same subject.

The Poona Sanitary Association has passed a resolution urging Government to complete the drainage scheme and to remove any defects that might be discovered in the work already completed.

RETURN OF LENIN.

SWEEPING REFORMS EXPECTED.

CHANGE IN FAR EASTERN POLICY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Oct 10.

Sweeping reforms are expected as a result of Lenin's return to authority. For example it is said that the activity of the political board, formerly known as Cheks will be limited and its employees reduced by seventy-five per cent. It is believed that the staffs of all commissariats will be reduced. A change of policy in the Far East is also predicted and it is said Lenin is willing to cede the northern part of Sakhalin to Japan.

URQUHART-KRASSIN AGREEMENT.

WHY SOVIET GOVT. REFUSED TO RATIFY.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Berlin.—The Soviet Government's refusal to ratify the Urquhart-Krassin agreement is based on the contention that the latest actions of the British Government in disputing Russia's equality in the Near East and the Black Sea prevent friendly and enduring relations which are necessary for the validity of the agreement.

PROHIBITION OF FOREIGN SHIPS IN AMERICAN WATERS.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Bewilderment rather than consternation has been caused in the British shipping circles by the intimation of a new ruling in the United States regarding enforcement of prohibition on foreign ships in American waters. Companies concerned are planning immediately to challenge the decision. The North Atlantic conference will meet to decide the course of action.

FOREST FIRES IN N. ONTARIO.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Ottawa.—It is now learnt that 39 people perished in the forest fires in North Ontario last week. Mr. Druby, Premier of Ontario, estimates that eight thousand people are homeless, and the damage at eight million dollars.

CABLE ITEMS.

A deputation from Indian Rubber Manufacturers' Association visited the Colonial Office on the 9th to state their case against the Producers' Association's proposal to restrict rubber output in the East Indies. The proceedings were private.

Riga.—It is rumoured in Moscow that M. Krassin will resign owing to the annulment of the Asiatic-Consolidated contract.

P & O CO'S PROFITS.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

The P. and O. Co.'s report states the net profits are £69,660 compared with £623,531 last year. Every outward vessel is fully booked up this season and there is a slight improvement in the outward cargo trade but it is still very poor. The Company are planning several new mail boats. The captain of the illfated "Egypt" has voluntarily resigned and has been granted maximum pension.

CESAREWITCH BETTING.

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The Cesarewitch betting is as under:—

7/1 on Bally Heron, 100/12 on Ceylonese, 100/9 on Tishy, 10-8 on Flint Jack, 100-6 on Arravale, 17/1 on Spes, 18/1 on Halberdier, 25/1 on Vaddy and Charlebelle, 30/1 on Mizzen Mast and Brinklow, 33/1 on Double Hackle, Herod, Philip, Cottage Sanhedrim, 50/1 on The Villager, 66/1 on Bucket and Double Glory.

BANTAM WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

In the twenty rounds contest for the European bantamweight championship between the Frenchman Ledoux, the holder, and Harrison (England) the latter retired in the eighteenth round and Ledoux was awarded fight.

PAMPERED I. C. S

PENSION GRIEVANCES.

"MORNING POST'S" ADVOCACY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.

The "Morning Post" in a leading article strongly emphasises the pension grievances of the I.C.S., concluding that now Mr. Montagu has gone, it looks with some hope to the India Office taking up a different line regarding the earlier memorialists. It is not only that the memorialists who were ruled out have an equitable claim but as time passes the libility for any pension payments to the British officials is likely to be challenged in India in the Councils and it is all the more necessary, therefore, that the Imperial Government should be firm on this question from the first.

ALLAHABAD NEW PUISNE JUDGE.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

The King has approved the appointment of Mr. Louis Stuart I. C. S., as Puisne Judge of the Allahabad High Court, in succession to Sir William Tudball, retiring.

Mr. Louis Stuart, who belongs to the I. C. S. since 1891, has served as District and Sessions Judge, at Fyzabad, Sitapur, Benares, Allahabad Fatehgarh, and Meerut. He was Judicial Secretary to the Government.

GURU-KA-BAGH ENQUIRY.

PUNJAB GOVT. DECLINE TO SEND WITNESSES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 10.

The Punjab Government have published the correspondence that has passed between them and the Secretary of the Congress Guru-ka-Bagh Enquiry Committee, Amritsar, in connection with the latter's offer allowing any official appointed by Government to cross-examine the witnesses before the committee. Professor Ruchiram Sahni the Secretary in his letter to the Chief Secretary to the Punjab Government states, "The witnesses can be cross-examined by any official appointed by Government or by the public prosecutor. Several high officials, we are informed, have been eye witnesses of the happenings in connection with Guru-ka-Bagh. Should you desire that any witnesses be examined by us, we would be delighted to do so."

The Chief Secretary in his reply states that the offer of the committee has been carefully considered by His Excellency the Governor-in-Council, but regrets that he is unable to accept it for the following reasons. The resolutions of the Congress Working Committee dated the 17th of September (a copy of which was enclosed in your letter under reply) begins by stating that the Committee strongly condemns the brutality perpetrated by the police on the unresisting and non-violent Akalis. The committee also congratulates the Akalis on the courage and self-restraint with which they had borne the suffering so cruelly inflicted on them. The resolution went on to record the appointment of a sub-committee to enquire into the whole matter and to submit a report. "It appears to His Excellency the Governor-in-Council that by its finding regarding the brutality and cruelty of the police, the Congress Committee has prejudiced the issue referred to your sub-committee. Government has always been ready and has publicly announced its readiness to make full enquiry into any specific allegations of police misconduct that may be brought to its notice or to the notice of its responsible officers and in several cases of this kind, magisterial or executive enquiries have been or are being held."

YEOMAN WORKERS.

GURU-KA-BAGH INQUIRY COMMITTEE AT WORK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Oct. 9.

Mr. Srinivas Iyengar and his colleagues of the Guru-ka-Bagh Congress Inquiry Committee have been working vigorously to get through the huge mass of evidence that is presenting itself. They have sat early and worked till late knowing no rest or leisure going through the written statements and interrogating witnesses to elicit the truth and nothing but the truth. In fact, it would be difficult to discover another set of half a dozen workers more devoted to their work or more oblivious of their health and comfort in the discharge of their onerous public duty. It is impossible, to say if even at this rate they will be able to record even a tenth or twentieth part of the evidence available within the time at their disposal. On September 5th they were able to take only half a dozen witnesses. The next day the number rose to fourteen which is by no means inconsiderable considering the nature of the evidence and vast range of events covered by some of the witnesses. Among these were a batch of important witnesses from Jullundur. Raizada Hansraj, Pandita Lajjavati, Principal Kanya Mahavidyala, Pandit Amarsingh, President Local Congress Committee and Syed Ataullahshah, Barrister. Pandit Gyanchand Ramlal, joint editor of the "Bande Mataram", Lahore whose evidence extended practically over the whole fortnight beginning with September 1st who had shared the honour with Prof. Ruchiram Sahni of being here, there and everywhere when something worth recording was going on occupied three days. Sardar Hazuratsingh, Contractor, a member of chief Khalsa Diwan and a cooperator was an eye witness to beating on the road and at Guru-ka-Bagh. Doctor Maniram had been a member of the ambulance corps which had closely followed the Akali jathas in order to render prompt assistance to it after the beating and his evidence naturally related to a vast number of incidents witnessed by him. Several of the witnesses including Prof. Rajindrasingh of the Khalsa College and his brother Sardar Chanchalsingh who were victims or eye-witnesses of the police doings described the incidents. Among the witnesses of September 7th was Bhai Mohansingh, Vaid Municipal Commissioner of Tarntaran whose statement covered many incidents on September 8.

The President and Messrs. Abhyankar, Sengupta and the Secretary are at Lahore recording evidence, while Messrs. Taqi and Stokes are busily engaged at Amritsar.

MORE WITNESSES EXAMINED.

The Congress Enquiry Committe into Guru-ka-Bagh affairs examined another batch of witnesses, including Mr. Santanam General Secretary, Provincial Congress Committee, and a number of Editors of local papers. The Committee will hold another sitting to-morrow.

EXHORTATION TO AKALIS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AMRITSAR Oct 10.

Another poster has been issued here over the signature of Mr. Dalip Singh Gil, Manager of Golden Temple, urging the Akalis to crowd into Amritsar for Depavali festival and take part in Guru-ka-Bagh struggle.

MAHESHWARI CONFERENCE.

The fifth session of the Bombay Provincial Maheshwari Conference will be held under the presidentship of Babu Govindlasji Malpani of Jubbulpore at Jalgaon (East Khandesh) on 13th, 14th and 15th insts. All Maheshwari gentlemen and sympathisers are cordially invited to attend the same and thus bake it a complete success.

"UNWISE, DANGEROUS & HUMILIATING."

PREMIER'S CALL TO DOMINIONS.

"LABOUR WOULD OPPOSE ANY FORM OFWAR."

LL. G.'S PLATITUDINOUS REPLY TO TRADE UNION CONGRESSMEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The verbatim report is now published of an interview which Mr. Lloyd George gave to the Council of the Trade Union Congress, on September 22nd, and which has hitherto not been published owing to the fear of a complicating situation.

Mr. Williams summed up the Labour attitude by declaring there was nothing in the Near East position guaranting Britain throwing over the League of Nations.

Mr. Ben Tillett declared Labour stood for the freedom of the Straits and the freedom of navigation anywhere. The world had no quarrel with the Turks or Greeks. Labour was mindful of British relations with the Mahomedans in India, but would oppose any form of war.

Miss Bondfield appealed to the Government to give a definite lead against war.

Mr. J. H. Thomas declared the Premier's call to the Dominion was unwise, dangerous, and humiliating.

GEORGIAN PLATITUDES.

Mr. Lloyd George emphasised that the policy of the Government was substantially the same policy as was laid down by the Labour party in 1918, and the Government was taking the only method to prevent the war spreading to Europe. Government had never supported the Greeks with either money or arms. When it came to a Conference, the Government would press, with all its power, the policy whereby every nation would gain, namely, that the key to the Straits be in the pocket of the League of Nations. The Government, concluded Mr. Lloyd George, was quite willing to be controlled by the decision of the League, but it must get the Turks to agree to abide by the decision.

FREEDOM OF STRAITS.

The Government's policy was the peace policy for if the Turks crossed in the present mood for massacre and massacres occurred the whole trouble would commence and if war spread to Europe it was impossible to guarantee that it could be stopped. In answer to a question Mr. Lloyd George said the freedom of the Straits next should be just like any other international waterway-free to vessels of any nation to pass to and from the Black Sea without interference and, also, remain neutral in the war time. The League would have to decide whether fortifications were necessary.

PREMIER IN FIGHTING VEIN.

ELECTIONEERING ACTIVITY.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

Far from bowing to the clamour of his critics, Mr. Lloyd George in his characteristic fighting vein has decided to accept the challenge and take the earliest opportunity of making a speech in the country expounding and defending his Near Eastern policy. The speech is likely to have an important bearing on the political situation. The appeal to the country before the end of the year is regarded in some quarters as more than a possibility, if matters go well in the Near East. The Scottish Whip is already engaged in a survey of electoral possibilities in Scotland. Speculation has been caused by the fact that one of the Premier's secretaries yesterday spent half an hour at the Unionist Party's headquarters, where a conference of party officials was proceeding.

NEW PARLIAMENT.

LABOUR DEMAND.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

The National Joint Labour Council, at a meeting in London to discuss the Near East crisis, passed a resolution demanding the immediate election of a new Parliament.

FLOODS IN BENGAL.

HOW TO AVERT THEM?

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10.

Although many parts of the flooded areas in North Bengal are still more or less flooded higher areas are gradually emerging from water. The special representative of the "Statesman" at Santahar wires that little definite information can be procured as to the loss of human life although it has been stated that between three and four hundred deaths have occurred at least 40 per cent of which are due to natural causes. Though Santahar town is only a relic of its former self many bazar traders have returned to their former shops.

Sir Surendranath Banerjea interviewed at Santahar outlined the Government's provisional policy with regard to the prevention of devastating floods. The Minister said:—"The question which the Government will have to discuss is not merely an effort to relieve or prevent disease and distress but what can be done for the purpose of averting such flood. His Excellency Lord Lytton is very anxious that the fullest relief so far as is practicable should be given to sufferers in the flood-stricken area. Before I started from Darjeeling I had the opportunity of discussing the situation with His Excellency and he expressed his readiness to come down himself if necessary."

Dr. Charles Bently, Health Officer of Bengal is of opinion that although carcases constituted a serious nuisance, they were a very slight menace to public health. What was feared, he said, was outbreak of pneumonia and influenza first from exposure and second from hudding together of people in unhealthy surroundings. He did not anticipate any extensive outbreak of cholera, as a matter of fact drought not flooding was the chief cause of cho'era. "What is urgently needed to check disease in flooded area" said Dr. Bentley "is food, fodder, fuel and shelter.

RIDING ACCIDENT AT SHILLONG.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10.

A Shillong correspondent has telegraphed to the "Englishman":—

A serious roding accident occurred on Monday morning to Captain F. R. Virgo, 7th Gurkhas. Capt Virgo was exercising a horse on race course when the animal suddenly bolted and leaving the course made for a wooden foot-bridge. In turning on to the bridge the animal carried away the offside rail and the horse and the rider fell ten feet on to the stone paved sloping bank of the stream, rolling thence to the water's edge. The horse appears to have sustained little damage and regained its feet, but Capt Virgo was found by the people who ran to his rescue lying unconscious bleeding badly from wounds in the head. He was taken to the Minto Nursing Home where he was found to have suffered from serious internal injuries necessitating immediate operation. This was performed by Colonel Green armitage of Calcutta who happened to be here on a short leave. Up to last evening Capt Virgo's condition was as good as could be expected considering the shock he had suffered.

STATE AID TO INDUSTRIES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 10.

Under the auspices of the Indian Economic Association, Hon. Mr. K. Venkata Ready Naidu, Minister for Development, gave an instructive lecture on the proposed State Aid to Industries Bill which he was shortly introducing in the Legislative Council. Concluding his speech the Minister said that State aid alone could not do everything. While it was the duty of Government to see that impetus was given to the industrial regeneration of this country, he emphasised that much depended upon the people themselves. They lacked in that spirit in industry which to-day animated the rest of the world. Organisation, mutual trust, cooperation and confidence were absolutely needed for development and India was badly wanting in all these matters. At present education in many ways was not developed in spirit or science. They wanted reform in that direction. History had disclosed and economists would have read through the pages of the industrial history of the world that with the development of democracy, interference and assistance of the State had worked wonders which previous Governments were unable to do. The speaker was not a believer in the charkha movement but he fully believed in the utility of machinery.

GUJARAT VIDYAPITH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 10.

The Senate of the Gujarat Vidyapith at its meeting held yesterday appointed a committee for the preparation and publication of text books in Gujarati especially those for primary schools. It also adopted the compartmental system of examination by which students can appear for any instead of all the papers in an examination. A scheme is being prepared in consultation with Mr. C. F. Andrews for starting an overseas department of the Vidya Pith which will collect and disseminate information about the condition of Indians overseas.

TRADE UNION CONGRESS.

THIRD SESSION TO MEET AT LAHORE.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 9.

The Executive Committee of the All-India Trade Union Congress has decided to hold third session at Lahore in the first week of December. The Trade Union Congress was brought into existence in 1920. Its object is to organise the vast millions of Indian industrial workers of all classes in order that these should come into their own. Within the two years of its existence it has gathered into its fold miners, seamen, railway workers, millhands, clerks, journalists etc. from all parts of India. It has also succeeded in forming or initiating central provincial bodies like the Bombay Central Labour Federation, All-India Miners' Federation and the Women Workers' Federation. With the help of these bodies and of the Central All-India organisation a betterment of wages has been generally secured. The keen agitation carried on by the Executive has resulted in the formulation of certain bills and proposals such as workmen's compensation and Trade Union recognition.

AN AMBITIOUS PROGRAMME.

The third session of the Trade Union Congress will be a momentous one. For the first time in history Indian Labour will attempt to form an Executive Council armed with real authority, controlling the whole body of organised affiliated workers. The object is to protect workers in all parts of India. Industrial disputes wherever they arise will be controlled by the Executive, which will have power to take direct action through its provincial executives. At the same time a proposal will be placed before the Congress to create a political Labour Party working in the interests of working class freedom. Mr. Joseph Baptista of Bombay will preside over this important session and leaders from all parts are expected to attend the Punjab Central Labour Federation. In the meantime the organisation of the third session is going ahead. An important preliminary conference will be held on the 25th October at Lahore. Mr. Baptista, Pundit Malaviya, Mr. Kidwai, Deepnarainsingh and others are expected to attend this conference. Meanwhile, the organisers of the Trade Union Congress have formed a central provincial body—The Punjab Central Labour Federation with Mr. Miller as President which will act as local executive. All arrangements for the third session have been entrusted to this body and all correspondence must be addressed to the Secretary, 16 Mozang Road, Lahore.

A MATHEMATICAL PRODIGY IN MADRAS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 10.

The "Madras Mail" says:—A veritable prodigy in mathematics has just been discovered in Madras. He is yet hardly eleven years of age and his name is Rajanarayanam (Brahmin child). Two days ago he was brought to Madras by his father from Madura where the boy had been astonishing everybody with his knowledge of higher mathematics. On Sunday he was examined by Justice Ramesam who considers that the boy is a genius and with proper encouragement would become another Ramanujam. Efforts are being made to move the University authorities to allow him to attend higher mathematical classes of the Madras Presidency College and also obtain for him scholarship.

MR. SARMA'S MOVEMENTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 10.

The Hon. Mr. Sarma, Revenue Member, who left for Delhi yesterday in connection with the preliminary work of the committee on the new Capital will stay in Delhi for 5 days. He returns to Simla on the 15th instant and after a three days halt here proceeds to Sukkur where he reaches on the 20th. His visit to Sukkur may be in connection with the barrage scheme. After a few day's halt at Sukkur Mr. Sarma goes to Hyderabad (Sind). After a day's stay he leaves for Karachi where he halts for three days till the 24th. On the 25th he reaches Lahore and after two day's stay there he returns to Delhi on the 28th instant.

AN ELECTIONEERING CASE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 10.

At the High Court to-day Justice Wallace delivered judgment in revision petition put in by the Hon. Sir Ahmed Thamby Maricair against the order of the Subordinate Judge of Negapatam setting aside his election as Chairman of Negapatam Municipal Council. His Lordship held that assuming Sir Ahmed had presided over the meeting convened for the election of the chairman and had taken part in ballot, the Subordinate Judge before he could give himself jurisdiction to set aside the election should have given finding that Sir Ahmed's non-compliance with rule (4) of rules framed for election of chairman under District Municipalities Act materially affected the result of the election. His Lordship set aside the judgment of the Subordinate Judge and directed him to hear the petition over again and pass proper decision.

"SUFFERING BENGAL"

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—We sincerely appreciate your editorial of to-day. Bengal's suffering beggars all description. We beg for our suffering brothers and sisters of the affected area every kind of help in money, clothes, food and medical help. Rich and poor are alike to-day. The railway embankment is their home and roots of grass are their meagre food. Bombay came to the help of Dr. Ray when his 'beggar's bowl' was passed round over the Khulna Fund. To-day, Dr. P. C. Ray is again asking help and sympathy of Bombay for the cause of humanity, for hundreds of thousands of Bengals' best sons and daughters to save them from naked starvation and homelessness—the Sufferers of the Flood.

May Bombay's humanity rise in full compassion and send all help either to Dr. P. C. Ray at Calcutta or to the Editor, "Bombay Chronicle."—We remain, Yours, etc.

A. C. CHATTERJEE.
B. DAS.

Bombay, Oct. 10.

U. P. SETTLEMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Oct. 10.

The non-official members of the U. P. Settlement Committee supported by four landlords made a proposal prefering permanent settlement and if that could not be granted the term of settlement be extended to fifty years. Mr. Burns, Senior Member of the Board of Revenue, on the other hand proposed that the term of settlement shall be thirty years, provided the Local Government may with the sanction of the Government of India, extend it on the grounds of pressure of population in the land to the extent to which cultivable area is cultivated and fulness of rentals. The proposal of Mr. Burns was carried, supported by four officials and a liberal.

SIR JOHN KERR ASSUMES OFFICE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SHILLONG, Oct. 10.

Sir John Kerr this morning assumed the office of Governor of Assam. On his arrival at Government House a procession was formed and proceeded. Sir William Marris and Sir John Kerr entered the Darbar Hall where oaths of allegiance and of office were administered to the new Governor by Mr. J. R. Webster, Sessions Judge, Shillong. His Excellency shook hands with the Executive Councillors and Ministers and a salute was fired as he took the Governor's chair.

COMPULSORY PRIMARY EDUCATION

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Oct. 10.

The Local Government have accepted the resolution of the Municipal Council, Erode, that elementary education shall be compulsory within the whole local area under its jurisdiction for all children of school-going age, excepting Muhammadan girls.

MYSORE ASSEMBLY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MYSORE, Oct. 10.

Among the subjects discussed to-day at the Representative Assembly was the question of admission of non-Brahmins to all Sanskrit Colleges in the State maintained at Government cost. Speeches mainly directed towards democratisation of Vedic studies among all classes of Hindus were made by many members, while two opposed the proposition on religious grounds. After a full hour's discussion the Dewan in winding up the debate stated that all points of view on the subject were carefully noted.

RELIEF MEASURES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SANTAHAR, Oct. 9.

Sir Surendranath Banerjea visited the flooded area on Saturday and Sunday and discussed the plan of campaign with local workers, voluntary and official and suggested certain improvements in the co-ordination and collaboration of different agencies. Fourteen medical officers of the Public Health Department have been placed under his orders at the disposal of the local authorities.

The Maharaja of Burdwan visited the flooded area today.

The Joint Magistrate, Allahabad, has committed for trial to the Court of Sessions Bhopal Das, a convict in Nainital Central Jail, who was charged with forging the name of Mr. B. C. Forbes I. C. S. Sessions Judge Farrukhabad to the release warrant by which means he secured his release from the Jail.

The Joint Magistrate, Allahabad has also committed for trial to the court of Sessions B. Harnarain Prasad, formerly Managing Director, Envyclopaedic Directory Company Ltd., who was charged with alleged criminal breach of trust in respect of several type writers belonging to the Yost Type Writer Company.

SUPERSTITION LEADING TO MURDER.

DEATH SENTENCE COMMUTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 10.

At the Allahabad High Court, Mr. Justice Walsh and Mr. Justice Stuart have disposed of the appeal of a young Thakur woman who was convicted and sentenced to death for murder of a small boy under curious circumstances. It appeared six years ago the accused gave birth to a son and M. T. Sobhor, a relative of hers went to congratulate her. It so happened that the child died a few days after that and the accused in her ignorance attributed death to some art of witchery practised by M. T. Sobhor. Four years later the accused gave birth to another son but again the boy died. Ten days after his death Musammat Dudari another woman of the family gave birth to a son. The accused on seing the child exclaimed that Dudari's baby had exactly the same features and face as her own dead son and said that the same child was reborn. A few days later M. T. Sobhor found in her verandan an earthen pot containing some clothes, red paper and a ring etc. which she took to be materials of sorcery placed their by the accused. The two women then quarrelled over the matter and in course of the quarrel, the accused said she could have no peace until she saw M. T. Sobhor also childless like herself. It was alleged it was in execution of this threat that the accused murdered the only son of M. T. Sobhor. Their Lordships in the peculiar circumstnces of the case and the fact held that the woman had committed murder under ignorant superstition and altered the sentence to one of transportation for life.

MORE AKALIS SENTENCED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AMRITSAR, Oct. 10.

Sardar Sadhu Singh, Honorary Magistrate, Amritsar has convicted two batches of Akalis arrested yesterday and day before yesterday for committing criminal tresspass on land of the Mahant at Guruka-Bagh and refusing to disperse when ordered to do so. Each batch consisted of 80 Akalis. The Magistrate sentenced them under Section 145 to six months' rigorous imprisonment including one month's solitary confinement and Rs. 100 fine each or in default six weeks' further rigorous and under Section 549 to three months' rigorous imprisonment including 15 days solitary confinement and Rs. 50 fine each or in default to three weeks further rigorous, sentences to run consecutively, that under Section 145 to run first.

MR. SASTRI OFFERED PRESIDENTSHIP OF N. L. FEDERATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Oct 10.

It is understood that the reception committee of the forthcoming session of the National Liberal Federation of India to be held at Nagpur has offered the presidentship of the Federation to the Right Hon'ble Mr. Srinivasa Sastri.

MOTIBAI FREE DISPENSARY.

This dispensary which is stricty homoepathic and which is taken advantage of by people of all classes, was opened at Vishnu Nivas Fanaswadi 2nd Lane on 2nd November 1921. The total number of patients treated during the half year ended 30th April 1922 was 7942, out of whom 3963 were males, 2142 females and 1838 children

HELP TO SEVA SADAN.

The Secretary gratefully acknowledges receipt of the following donations for the months of July, August and September last:—

For current expenses:—The Western India Turf Club Rs. 1,000/-, Bai Jerbai N. Wadia Rs. 300/-, Sir Lalubhai A Shah Rs. 100/-, Calcutta Zoroastrian Rs. 150/-, Mr. K. Casambhai Rs. 100/-, Contractors Vithaldas Bhicabhai and Co. Rs. 51-4-0, A Parsi Sympathiser in memory of the late Mr. Jalbhoy A Seth Rs. 50/-, Mr. Mathubhai Casambhai Rs. 50/-, Mr. J. A. Shroff, Secretary Lodge Cyrus Rs. 51/-, In memory of Sorabji Manekji Sethna from his Trustees Rs. 75/-, Anonymous Rs. 76/-14-0, Mrs Ramabai Ranade Rs. 25/-, Mrs. Sonabai Jeykar 15/- Miss M.C. Afee Rs. 20/-, Bai Hirabai J. Petit Rs. 20/-, Lady D. J. Tata Rs. 20/-, A Karachi Friend Rs. 15/-, Mr. J. G. Madan Rs. 15/-, Messrs S. D. Oomrigar and Co. Rs. 10/-, Sir N. G. Chandavarkar Rs. 10/- Mrs. D. N. Saher Rs. 10/-, Mr. D. N. Bahadurji Rs. 10/-, Sums below ten Rs. 156/-.

Towards School Feeding Fund:—Mr. Khan Mahamad Casambhai Rs. 150/-, Dilshad Begum Nawab Mirza Rs. 150/-, Trustees of Seth Jeejeebhoy Dadabhoy Charities Rs. 150, Mrs. P. B. Jeejeebhoy Rs. 100, Mr. B. B. B. Jeejeebhoy Rs. 30, Mr. R. K. Dadachanji Rs. 30, B. T. & S. T. Rs. 10, In memory of Sorabji Manekji Sethna Rs 25, Messrs. K. Cooper and Co. Poor Box Rs. 11, A Friend Rs. 11.

A SINDHI BOY'S SELF-SACRIFICE.

HIS DESIRE TO HELP AKALIS.

The Secretary of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee sends the following from Hyderabad—

On 30th afternoon I received an envelope containing currency notes worth Rs. 100 and the following letter (writen in Sindhi) from a young student aged only about 14. Let us hope that our countrymen will follow the example of the hero. I very much wish to announce his name but he himself does not want me to do so.

THE BOY'S LETTER.

"Sir,—

"I shall be obliged if you kindly utilize this meagre amount of money towards the relief of our brave Akali Brothers. It is a humble saving from my *kharchi* (pocket-money).

Yours obediently
(HIS SIGNATURE).

SWAMI SHRADHANAND.

The "Tribune" writes:—

We cannot say that either the conviction of Swami Shradhanand or the sentence of one year's imprisonment passed upon him by the trying Magistrate has come as a surprise to us. Conviction in these cases, especially, when the accused do not defend themselves, is almost a foregone conclusion, and a severe sentence is a natural sequel to the conviction. But this fact does not prevent us from expressing the opinion that the case is one of the weakest and most extraordinary we have come across even in these abnormal days, and that both the conviction and the sentence are wholly without justification. Having followed the proceedings in the case with all the interest and attention of which we were capable, we have no hesitation in saying that the Swami committed no offence under either of the sections on which his prosecution was based, and that the only right thing for the Court would have been to have acquitted him honourably. We do hope this will yet be done by the higher authorities, whether judicial or executive, for in spite of all that has been said we adhere to our original opinion that it is as much the duty of the High Court to interfere in these cases as that of the Executive Government. The purity and impartiality of the administration of justice is the common concern of both—it is, in fact, an even clearer concern of the High Court than of the Executive Government—and no mere technical consideration, however plausible, ought to be allowed to stand in the way of this object being secured. The Swami's is precisely one of those cases which the High Court should not only revise, if necessary of its own motion, but in respect of which it should take steps to have the services of an *amicus curiae* to help it in having the side of the accused properly out before it.

CONGRESS ELECTIONS AT URAN.

A correspondent writes:—

The Annual General Meeting of the Uran Peta Congress Committee was held on Sunday last at Uran, Mr. Ramkrishna Balabhai being in the Chair. Mr. Mohamad Jafar Tungekar was elected President, and Mr. Ramkrishna Balabhai and Dr. M. B. Velkar, of Bombay, were elected Vice-Presidents of the Uran Peta Congress Committee for the coming year. Dr. Velkar and Mr. Karmarkar were also elected representatives of Uran on the Maharastra Provincial Congress Committee. Dr. Velkar was further elected a delegate of Uran for the ensuing Congress.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10

Bombay 7th October:—Situation is rapidly becoming very serious in almost all Deccan and East Karnatak areas except Khandesh as adequate rain for rabi sowing is absent almost everywhere. Elsewhere including Sind the crops are good and in many places excellent.

United Provinces. (Eastern circle), 30th September:—Prospects of sugarcane are good and rice normal to good.

AJMER DIST. CONFERENCE.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AJMER, Oct. 9.

The Political Conference commenced its sitting in Eidgah on 7th instant. Delegates and visitors attended in great numbers. Among the leaders attending were Srimati Kastur Bai, President, Pandit Naki Ram Sharma, Sriyut Ramdas Gandhi, Babu Hariram, Editor, "Navajivan" and others. On the proposal of Swami Narsingdeoji Srimati Kastur Bai took the presidential *masnad*. Srimati Kastur Bai ascended the dais amidst deafening cheers and asked her son Ramdas Gandhi to read out her address. Pandit Neki Ram Sharma who followed delivered a speech which was listened to with rapt attention.

The Dharwar District Conference was held on the 8th instant at Ranebennur. The president Shriyut Dattopant Majali in the course of his speech referred to all the important topics of the day and congratulated the leaders in jail and Mustafa Kemal Pasha on his brilliant victory over the Greeks.

It is understood that approximately Rs. 70,000 has been subscribed in response to appeal for funds for the erection of a memorial to Lord Ronaldshay.

HOURS IN FACTORIES.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The revised Indian Factories (Amendment) Act 1922 came into force from 1st July 1922, in which the following appears on page 6 under the clause (17) (27) "No person shall be employed in a factory for more than sixty hours in any one week", the definition of week on page 2 under the clause (C) (8) runs thus:—"Week means period between midnight on Saturday and midnight on succeeding Saturday night." And again on page 5, under clause 13 follows thus:—"Provided that no such substitution shall be made as will result in any person working for more than ten consecutive days without a holiday for a whole day."

In these two rules which is correct? Will the Director of Information explain? Because as far as I know the mills are working same as before viz.—sometimes 7, 8, 9 days according to the holidays and the former rule, "No person ——— one week" is not observed at all and thereby workmen do not get holidays in week regularly.—Yours, etc.,

S. P. DHAVLE.

Bombay, Sept. 27.

JAMSHEDPUR STRIKE.

The following bulletin No. 13 has been issued by the Jamshedpur Labour Association under date 9th October.

Ever since the strike started the company has been giving *atta*, ghee, sugar, rice dal and *bidis* in good quanties free to the coolies and the ordinary workmen who go to work and a canteen was started for the Europeans where bread, butter, biscuits, tea and cigarettes are supplied free at any time of the day within the works. Many coolies go to the work, remain there for a few hours, take the free rations and walk out. The report that 2,000 skilled workmen have resumed is altogether incorrect. Moreover, the Associated Press message says that the Smith machine and mill-wright shops have restarted, while the fact is that one blast furnance upon which the company had been concentrating all its attention and energies in trying to keep it hot with all its available forces also broke down to-day. None of the blast furnaces is in a working condition now. In the meetings the speakers never urged the audience to hold up lorries carrying men to the works and to prevent others going in by force. The behaviour of the strikers has been marvelously peaceful all along. As reported already some firemen and other bosses have been running about in motor cars and inducing mistries and workmen to resume the whole of the last Saturday, Sunday, and to-day. They have miserably failed in their efforts. Skilled workmen are quite firm and determined. It is said that the covenanted hands are tired of working on boiler and might refuse to do any other job than their usual work. Meetings are held both evening and morning in different parts of the town. Out of the productive departments the steel works and rail and bar mills were already totally stopped since 10 p.m. on the 19th September. Out of three blast furnances two had already gone out of order one after the other and now the third which was being kept hot for supplying gas to heat the boilers has also broken down.

BOXING IN SECUNDERABAD.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

Secunderabad, Oct. 10

There was a record crowd at the opening night at Trimulgherry of the Poona District Boxing Tournament last night. The results are as follows:—

Paper Weights:—Boy Cromie, 4th Dragoons, beat Pte. Heath, Lincolns, on points.

Fly-Weights:—Boy Hargreaves, 4th Dragoons, beat Pte Mellows, Lincolns, on points.

Bantam Weights:—Pte Sweeny, 4th Dragoons beat Cpl. Spokes, Lincolns, on points.

Feather Weights:—Pte Warnel, Lincolns beat Pte Lote 4th Dragoons (narrow margins of points). Lce Cpl Jones, Lincolns, beat Bandsman Hall, 4th Dragoons by knock-out in 3rd. round.

Welter Weightas. Plate Harbour, 4th Dragoons, beat Pte Gibbs, Lincolns by a knock-out in 3rd round.

Middle Weights:—Cpl Daisley, 4th Dragoons, beat Pte Holden Lincolns in 2nd round.

Light heavies:—Pte Bailey, 4th Dragoons beat L. Cpl. Sefton, Lincolns, on points.

Heavy weights:—Sgt. Cox, 4th Dragoons, drew a bye.

Paper weights:—Pte. Fox, Greenhowards, declared winner as Gunner Robinson R. A. F. was overweight.

Fly-weights:—Gr. Mcaskill, Green Howards, beat Gr. Wright, Secunderabad, on points.

Bantams:—L. Cpl. Hodgson, Green Howards declared winner as Gr. Gurbutt R. A. F. was found overweight.

Feather weights:—Sgt. Shields, Green Howards, beat Gr. Lewis, R. A. on points.

Light weights:—L. Cpl. Grewer, Green Howards, beat Gr. Lineham, R. A., referee stopping punishment in second round.

Welter weights:—Sig. Heal, R. A. beat Pte. Swarbuck, Green Howards who fell and hurt knee in first round.

Middle Weight:—Pte. Coates, Green Howards beat Gr. Woolford, R. A. on points.

Light heavies:—Pte. Miles, Green Howards beat Sgt. Osborne, R. A. who retired in second round after damaging his thumb.

Heavy weights:—Pte. Collie, Green Howards, easily beat Gr. Ball R. A.

INDIAN RAILWAYS.

COMPANY VS STATE MANAGEMENT.

RAILWAY CONFERENCE IN SIMLA.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 9.

Simla to-day is full of news about the future of railway administration in India. On the one hand o Chief Commissioner for Railways has been appointed in pursuance of the Acworth Committee's recommendation and on the other the annual conference of the agents and other high officers of the several railways in India was opened by Brigadier-General Magnaic, the agent of the Madras and Southern Maharatta Railway. Mr. Hindley the late agent of the East Indian Railway and at present the chairman of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta has been chosen for the new appointment and he is to make recommendations for the reorganisation of the Railway Board.

NEW CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

The question of reorganisation has been engaging the keenest attention of the public ever since the Acworth Committee's report was published and even in the September session of the legislature several interpellations were raised by non-officials and at last when the representatives of railways came up to Simla a timely announcement is made giving effect to this important recommendation of the committee. The future policy of railway administration is dependent on the character and constitution of the Railway Board and from this point of view it is interesting to learn that the Government of India will await Mr. Hindley's proposals. Mr. Hindley is stated to be a very able officer, but it remains to be seen whether his appointment as the Chief Commissioner will pave the way for the removal of the sufferings of the Indian public in railway matters. Mr. Hindley will be solely responsible for advising the Government of India on matters of railway policy and the sufferings of traders and passengers could only be alleviated by the adoption of a policy quite different from what is now being pursued. India would have preferred an expert from America in place of Mr. Hindley, because it is in America that there is the most highly efficient system of railway. But now that Mr. Hindley has been appointed for the new post it is hoped he will strive his best to give a new tone to the railway system in India. That would be not only advantageous and cheap for the trader and passenger, but reasonably profitable to the railways. With the administration of railways in India is bound up the problem of State versus Company management. This has also been looming large for some time past and only recently the several chambers of commerce and other public associations have sent their views to the Government of India.

COMPANy VS. STATE MANAGEMENT.

While the view of the European capitalists has been on the side of company management that of the Indian merchants has decidedly been in favour of state management. The question will be decided by the Railway Conference which will hold its session in Simla till the 21st. What the nature of its decision will be must be left to time, but if the nationality of the railway representatives present here is any clue to the matter, then it can be fairly guessed that the conference will by an overwhelming majority vote for company management. The presidential address has already indicated as to which way the wind will blow in this all important question. Brigadier-General Magnaic is the Agent of a railway managed by a company and his views are clearly for the perpetration of company management. Throughout he seems to be greatly perturbed by the possibility of Government being drawn into accepting the idea of state management and so he warns them against adopting that course by quoting the unfortunate financial results of state management in the principal countries of Europe, South Africa and America.

"A very able expression of the views held by influential businessmen, views which are supported by carefully considered reasons has been presented in the reply submitted to Government by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce. The unfortunate financial results of state control in nearly all the principal countries of Europe as well as the similar results in South Africa and of temporary Government control in America give food for serious thought. It is true that as pointed out by certain members of the Acworth Committee the existing system of state management in India is not state management as properly understood but a reflex of company management. But should it be decided by Government to take over eventually the management of all company worked lines as their present contracts expire, it appears inevitable that the present system of state management could not be maintained and that this would tend to approximate more and more closely to the system in force elsewhere and I know of no reason for anticipating that the financial results of this in India would be any more favourable than in other countries. The scheme proposed by certain members of the Acworth Committee for company management under a Board domiciled in India is doubtless open to criticism. To meet railway requirements a more elastic system of finance and a relaxation of Government control is desirable. The difficulty of finding the required type of directors at all railway head-quarters has I think been under estimated. Railways are a technical undertaking and a board of directors who have no technical knowledge are likely to find themselves occasionally somewhat at sea and to add to their agent's work and anxieties the committee stated in their report that the proper functions of Government are to shape railway policy, to watch, think and plan and not to carry out routine duties and the propoals of certain members of that committee for so large a proportion of Government directors in the constitution of a company's board in India are not easy to understand. A railway company should be permitted to be master in its own house and to direct its own local policy within such safeguards as Government may decide to be necessary."

DUTY OF NON-OFFICIAL MEMBERS.

These are unequivocally the views of an opponent of the movement for state control and when we take into consideration the applause with which the conference greeted the views of the president we can unhesitatingly predict the result. It is the duty of the Indian non-official members of the legislature to counteract the evil influences of these agents of railways by a vigorous propaganda in favour of state control. Most of the legislators do not seem to have examined the question in all its bearings and unless they come prepared next time with the details of the problem they are sure to lose their case. The proceedings of the conference are not open to the Press as usual and it is therefore difficult to let your readers know what is happening within the *purdah* of the conference. Their action in conducting the deliberations of such important subjects in camera deserves to be severely condemned.

PRINCES PROTECTION BILL.

The controversy about the Princes Press Protection Bill is not dead. A good deal of this Bill is expected to be heard in Delhi early next year, when the question of the Governor-General's certification and the part played by the India office in the matter will be called into question and debated upon. The Hon. Mr. Raza Ali will probably bring forward a resolution in the Council of State demanding the publication of the correspondence that has passed between the Secretary of State and the Government of India and the Princes and Durbars on the subject.

In the Legislative Assembly a similar resolution will be moved by Mr. Neogy. Mr. Neogy will also, I understand, put a series of questions in order to elicit information on the secrets of the Bill. According to my information Mr. Neogy has given notice of the following significant interpellations."

"Was the report of the Press Act Committee of 1921 forwarded to the Secretary of State with a covering despatch from the Government of India? If so when was any reply received from the Secretary of State to the said despatch? If so when? Will Government be pleased to lay on the table the despatches if any that passed between the Secretary of State and Government of India in this connection? Will Government be pleased to state whether the Press Law Repeal and Amendment act of 1922 was forwarded to the Secretary of State under section 69 of Government of India act? If so when? Is it a fact that the Secretary of State viewed with disfavour certain aspects of the Press Law Repeal and Amendment act of 1922? If so on what grounds? Is it a fact that the Secretary of State made a definite suggestion for the enactment of a legislative measure giving protection to the Indian princes and chiefs against seditious attacks in the Press in British India? Is it also a fact that the Secretary of State intimated the possibility of his Majesty in Council signifying his disallowance of the Press Law Repeal and Amendment act of 1922 under section 69 of the Government of India Act?"

CONFIDENCE IN TURKS.

A SMYRNA MERCHANT'S VIEWS.

A director of the Oriental Carpet Manufacturing Co., Ltd., whose headquarters are at Smyrna—Mr. Edmund Giraud, who left Smyrna last month on a short business holiday to England, and who, in the ordinary course of events, would be returning at an early date, said, in mail week, he was hopeful that the situation was not so desperate as the alarming reports of the moment would appear to indicate.

"So far as the Turkish authorities are concerned," added Mr. Giraud, "I am very hopeful that British and other European interests at Smyrna will be protected to the utmost limit of Turkish official power so to do. I have just come from Smyrna, and I can say without hesitation that the Turkish attitude towards the British there is one of complete friendliness. The Turkish Military Commander and the General in charge of the troops are men in whom the utmost confidence may be reposed that they will safeguard the lives and property of British and other foreign elements at Smyrna. The various communities at Smyrna have been openly and absolutely anti-Greek, a fact well known in Turkish official circles, and is a circumstance that will not be overlooked or underestimated by Turkey, now that her victorious troops command the city. During the Great War the Turkish Governor of Smyrna imposed no hardships on British or other European elements; on the other hand, he looked after us well, and was most considerate in his treatment of us. It is quite impossible," concluded Mr. Giraud, "for British people here to realise or appreciate the meaure of provocation that has been given to the Turks by the Greeks. One had to live in the country to appreciate the intolerable arrogance of the official Greek and his army of followers towards the Turks; and while I am absolutely convinced of the good faith and will of the Turkish Command to offer every possible protection to European interests, it is not unlikely that great damage has been done, and may still be done, by irregular bands of Turks who may have broken all restraint and committed reprisals out of vengeance for the arrogant presumption and harshness of the Greeks. I have had no news by mail that can furnish any light on the immediate past in the city, as the present situation has developed with lightning rapidity, and the telegraph service has broken down."

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TREATY OBLIGATIONS AND HONOUR.

PROTECTION AN AFTERTHOUGHT.

MR. NEOGY ON GOVT. COMMUNIQUE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

An interesting rejoinder to the Government's recent communique on the Princes' Protection Bill has been issued to the Press by Mr. K. C. Neogy of the Democratic party. After a thorough examination of the treaties with the Princes, Mr. Neogy concludes that Government is not bound by agreements to give protection to the Princes. He maintains that the Assembly took the right step in refusing the introduction of the Bill. His statement runs as follows:—

I am sorry to find Government in such straits over the statement of Messrs. Rangachariar and Ginwala regarding the Princes' Protection Bill as to have to issue a press communique halting and unconvincing in character. This official document repeats, how often I do not care to count, the very weighty consideration that Government were "committed not only by treaties, etc., but above all in honour to the measure." I have looked up the published collection of treaties, etc., between Government and the various Indian States and I make bold to assert that there is nothing in them that might justify such an assertion. Unless the authorities are prepared to say that there are secret treaties and agreements of which the public and the legislature know nothing which can be reasonably construed to assure protection in the manner indicated in the Bill this statement must be pronounced to be lamentably inaccurate and misleading.

IN HONOUR.

So much for Treaty obligations. Now as to the question of honour which committed Government to the legislation it is no doubt true that His Excellency Lord Reading stated as follows in his address while opening the Legislative Session on the 3rd September 1921, "If the Press Act is repealed it may become necessary to consider what form of protection shall be given to them in substitution. I will not pursue the subject now but it will doubtless be discussed at a later stage."

About two months after making the above statement, His Excellency the Viceroy referred to this question while opening the second session of the Chamber of Princes at Delhi and he assured the Princes that the matter was engaging his most earnest attention. The next that we heard on the subject was again from His Excellency who while opening the current session of the legislature on the 5th September last said "We have decided that we are bound by agreements and in honour to afford to the Princes the same measure of protection as they previously enjoyed under the Press Act." Thus we find that on the first public occasion when the Viceroy mentioned the matter he assured the legislature of an opportunity to discuss the question and before that opportunity had arisen he solemnly informed us all that his Government had decided on the measure. From his speech in the Chamber of Princes it does not appear that His Excellency had pledged his honour to the Princes in this matter on the 7th November 1921, nor do the Treaty obligations seem to have impressed him in an overwhelming manner on that date. When and in what circumstances then did Government pledge their honour to the Princes? The communique is at some pains to make out that the Press Laws Committee based their observation that they could not recommend any enactment for the purpose of affording protection to the Princes on insufficient materials. It is said that fresh materials have come to light as a result of detailed investigation subsequent to the proceedings of the Press Laws Committee. Sir John Wood's evidence before that Committee leaves an impression on one's mind that there was some reluctance on the part of certain Durbars at that time to lead evidence before the Committee. It is therefore possible that among the materials that are now stated to have come to light are some that were in existence when the Committee had met and if they were not placed before the Committee the Political Department and the Durbars are to thank themselves for judgment going against them by default. In any case it would not at all have been difficult to resummon the Press Laws Committee, all of its members being present at Simla in September last, and place the additional facts before it instead of adopting this course. Government deliberately followed a line of action which could not possibly commend itself to the popular House with some claim to a democratic constitution.

It is faintly suggested in the official communique that the refusal by the Assembly of leave to introduce the Bill, which the communique takes care to emphasise was a Government Bill, was not in accordance with constitutional practice. I find the rule governing the first reading of Bills in the Legislative Assembly has been almost bodily taken from the manual of procedure of the House of Commons with this difference that by usage the first reading has been reduced to a mere formality in the House of Commons. A Bill under this usage practically begins its life in the House at the second reading stage. In the Legislative Assembly on the other hands we have been strictly following the letter of the rule which permits two speeches, one from the mover and the other from any opposer of the Bill. So long as the practice of the House of Commons is not adopted in supercession of the present written rule the first reading will continue to be a real initial stage in the progress of a Bill in the Indian Legislature. Moreover one may remind Government that section 67 B of the Government of India Act while providing for the Governor-General's power of certification definitely contemplates the emergency of a Bill and a Government Bill being thrown out at the very first stage. Instances are on record when Bills met with such a fate even in the House of Commons at the first reading stage and at least on one occasion it led to the resignation of Ministers.

RESPONSIBILITY WITHOUT POWER.

The special feature of the new constitution in India is that it makes an irremovable executive dependent on a largely elected House for legislation and it is this feature of the constitution that is responsible for the counter-balancing provision of the power of certification in the Governor-General to be used upon failure on the part of the Legislature to undertake legislation on what may be considered to be essential matters. The elected representatives of the people are responsible to their constituencies for their action in the Assembly and they owed it to their electorates to reject the Bill. His Excellency the Governor-General is responsible to Parliament for the good Government of India and he finds that he cannot discharge his responsibility without resorting to his special statutory powers. There is therefore no room for regret on either side for what has happened. Speaking for myself, I have never been able to understand the anxiety on the part of some of my colleagues to suggest avenues of compromise and I am not particularly concerned about the criticism made in the official communique of the different expedients which Messrs. Rangachariar and Ginwala suggest might have been tried by His Excellency so as to bring back the Bill to the Assembly. But I may say that expedients more open to criticism are known to have been resorted to in the history of democratic institutions for the purpose of tiding over constitutional crises.

VINDICATION OF LASCARS.

COURT OF INQUIRY'S FINDING.

ADVICE TO BRITISH MARINE WORKERS UNION.

Dr. A. D. Jilla, Manchester, writes under date September 20:—

The cause of justice and equity has at length been fully vindicated in the finding of the Court of Inquiry in the matter of the ill fated Egypt which caused not a little of pent up passion and ill concealed prejudice to bubble and burst out against that docile, hard working, law abiding and forbearing yet voiceless and helpless component of humanity, viz: the lascar or Indian sailor. In all the base accusations and blackguarding of the poor lascar before and during the enquiry the spark has been kindled from the familiar hostile quarters viz: the fastidious and snobby part of the Anglo-Indian community. The hue and cry of the revolver was first raised by an Anglo-Indian woman passenger supported by a valiant major both of this type. The latter can be rightly indicted on his own statement on the charge of murdering or attempting to murder a harmless being in the person of a lascar on the high seas under circumstances more difficult to the poor lascars than anybody else and under the vague excuse that the lascar in question showed a threatening attitude towards him.

Even the word 'native' has been so often used with reference to the lascar in the press both before and during the enquiry that setting aside the idea of contempt and malice tacitly conveyed by those who used it, one wonders if English newspaper reporters and editors know the correct grammar of their own mother language. The enquiry is held on English soil, the Court is composed of Britishers, the Prosecutor is British, the witnesses are British save the two lascar witnesses, the passive gentleman supposed to represent the India Office on behalf of the lascar is British, perhaps the audience is British and when suddenly though with invariable frequency the word "native" pops in, one is constrained to think if it was used in all humility for the natives of the soil viz: the Britishers. Far from it. A man ordinarily is native of his own country, but not of a foreign or another country, and every man is ordinarily proud in being a native of his country. But it seems that in the twentieth century the ordinary Britisher either forgets his grammer or else feels shy of the use of the ward 'native' for himself and instead dubs the Indian twice 'native,' in other words the Indian is native not only in India—mainly at the hands of the arrogant, impetuous and snobby Anglo-Indians—but he is also 'native' in England, France, America etc. wherever they happen to labour under the idea that the Indian is not his own master and is not under his own flag. It is highly creditable to the gentlemanliness and linguistic civility of the Court of Inquiry that officially it has never once made use of this invidious utterance.

Misconceptions and misadventures of this type only serve to increase that racial animosity and divergence in the proper and amicable government of a Country or an Empire composed of such diverse races and nationalities and prima facie no sane man should ever contemplate of accusing an Indian as the instigator of racial contempt or ill-will. As you sow so shall you reap, and it is futile to complain. It is the diplomatic sincerity and fair dealing of a Lord Hardinge or a Montague that shall save India to the Empire and not the bluff of a Lloyd George so practical, (?) so competent, so convincingly versatile otherwise. The finding of the Court of Inquiry would surely strengthen the former attitude.

The President of the Amalgamated Marine Workers' Union has not in my opinion shown himself to best advantage or taste in his vituperations against the poor lascar on behalf of his master the British sailor. Does he know that the interest of the British seaman is not different from the interest of the Indian lascar, and that the well being of the former at the ruin of the latter is only a lop-sided and a temporary, if not a mean advantage, in the same way as he knows that the financial bankruptcy and industrial catastrophe of Germany, Russia, Austria (and why not Asiatic Countries) would only be prejudicial sooner or later to the well being and democratic safety of Great Britain, France, Italy, America and other countries in similar category? Does he know that the Indian lascar has as much right as the British sailor to live and earn an honest living if he is not to turn an outlaw or a violent non-co-operators against the British Government and that being meek and submissive his interests require to be watched with greater zeal and attention than those of his British trade companions? Has he ever heard of a lascar crew turning mutinous as so often happens with white crews? Does he know that the lascar hardly gets any compensation to his survivors and dependents if anything happens to him at sea, and that in case of collision and shipwreck the lascar get his turn last after everybody else in saving his life when there is an ordered and timely lowering of boats? Does he also know that the "Egypt" boats were not wholly full of lascars and that a good number of them had jumped or were precipitated in to the sea during the initial panic and confusion and were picked up later on by the "Seine?" It seems the panic was greater amongst the European passengers than amongst the lascars and some of them lost their heads too. It would have been fair and proper if the newspapers had gathered the story of the lascars themselves and ascertained what the lascars thought of the attitude of the Europeans towards them at the time of the disaster.

I can only advise this doughty champion of the British mariner that the best way to safeguard his interests, is not by running down the poor lascar or encouraging manufactured stories (mere lies) aginst him, but by taking a kindly and brotherly interest in the lascar, by trying to get justice done for him and improving his prospects and wages so that after seeing to the modest needs of his family, he can spare something for his own bodily needs by way of better food and better (warmer) clothing, and above all to improve his knowledge and culture so as to bring him on a level of equal status for equal work with that of his British comrade. The two should mentally pull together as pals in the same boat as they literally do in physical sense, and not tug at the same bone against each other like two dogs. This consummation can readily be brought about by Mr. Cotter and a number of his colleagues going out to India and studying for themselves (without any bias) the conditions under which the poor lascar struggles for his and his family's existence.

Live and let live is the motto of the labour party, and there is no reason why an important section of it viz: the Amalgamated Marine Workers' Union should have a contrary motto.

It is understood that the majority report of the Frontier Committee is being signed and Messrs. Rangachariar and Samarath the dissenting members, will soon submit their minority note.

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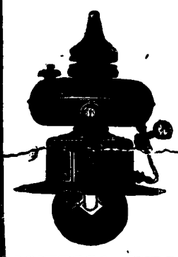

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THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 10.

Rainfall has decreased in Bombay Deccan and increased in south of Peninsula. A new northwestern disturbance is affecting extreme north of India. Rainfall has been nearly general in Konkan and Mysore and local in southeast Madras. A few falls also occurred in Burma, north Punjab, Kashmir, Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and north Madras coast.

Chief amounts are:—Rangoon half an inch, Lashio one and a half, Karwar one, Bangalore, Mysore one and a half, Kodaikanal three quarters, Madura, Coimbatore, Salem, Masulipatam a half.

Forecast:—An extension in Burma.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay Oct. 9th.

Hours of observations taken are 8 a.m. 14 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. inches		29.865
Temperature of Air	Degrees	83.1
Wet Bulb Thermometer	"	77.4
Dew Point	"	75 7
Relative humidity of Air	"	0.816
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	"	1 6
Maximum temperature of Air	"	87.4
Minimum do do	"	76 4
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		SE,ESE,WS,WUS
Movement of Wind do	Miles.	116
Fall of Rain	Inches	0.00
Total fall during month	"	0 00
Do. do. 1922	"	10.21
Additional fall of rain on 10 a.m. of 9th	"	0 00

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill.
	Oct.	h. m.	ft. in.	Oct.	h. m.	ft. in.
Tu.	10	m 1 51	27 4	10	m 7 35	18 4
		11 6a	26 6		7 54a	16 3
W.	11	m 2 7	26 10	11	m 8 1	19 5
		15 8a	25 6		7 56a	17 1
Th.	12	m 2 45	26 4	12	m 8 42	20 1
		2 20a	24 11		8 37a	17 8
F.	13	m 3 31	25 9	13	m 9 43	20 7
		3 56a	24 4		9 33a	18 3
S.	7	m 11 16	27 0	7	m 5 43	17 0
					5 54a	16 1
S.	15	m 5 52	28 6	15	m 9 41a	20 1
		6 6a	24 4			
M.	16	m 7 4	25 11	16	m 0 10	18 2
		7 25a	25 2		1 45a	18 11

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 10th October, 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi reports a light fall of 0.10in. of rain. Skies are clear. Humidity is in excess at Rawalpindi and in defect at Ambala. Day temperature was below normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear and at Cawnpore humidity is in defect. Temperature was nearly normal or lower than usual.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess at Karachi and in defect at Jacobabad. Both day and night temperatures were lower than usual.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in defect. Temperature was below normal at Bhuj and Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear in the northeast of the division and are moderately clouded in the west. Humidity is in defect at Nagpur and Saugor. Night temperature was above normal at Khandwa, Akola and Chanda.

The Konkan.—Ratnagiri reports 0.17in of rain and Karwar had 0.89. Skies are slightly or moderately clouded and at Ratnagiri humidity is in defect. Temperature was nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum and Nizamabad respectively report 0.18in and 0.30in of rain, while a few insignificant falls are reported from other stations. Skies are moderately clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in slight excess. Day temperature was below normal at Nizamabad.

General Remarks.—Rain has fallen locally in Mysore and the Konkan a few falls have occurred in Madras, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad, Bangalore reports 1.73in. Skies are moderately clouded in the Peninsula and the west Central Provinces and are clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Both day and night temperatures were below normal in Rajputana and the west United Provinces, while the former alone was below the average in Sind and the Punjab.

Forecast.—Few falls of rain are probable in the southern half of the Peninsula and may occur in the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and the Konkan.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 9th October 1922.

The monsoon has given another burst of rain in the **Bombay Deccan and** Hyderabad. Elsewhere weather has generally been dry. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad except the southeast and in the Madras Deccan and local in Burma. A few falls have also occurred in Upper Burma, Orissa, Malabar and southeast Madras.

The chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are—Mandalay two inches; Parbhani one and a half; Gulbarga one; Raichur two, and Madura one and a half.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON TUESDAY, THE 10TH OF OCT. 1922.

Stations	Temp. in Shade, Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade, Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity At 8 hours.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total 10th June to date.	Departure 10th June to date.
PENNSULA STATES—						
Buabire	85.9	66.3	55	0	9	—3.01
Do. 28th	91.3	79.8	85	0	0	—0.93
Jask	90.1	77.9	84	0	9	—0 17
Muskat	—	—	—	—	—	—
Do. 29th						
PUNJAB—						
Multan	92 7	67.6	63	..	2.51	—2.31
Rawalpindi	83.5	61.1	73	0.10	55.26	+2.24
Lahore	89.7	64.3	66	..	15.69	+0.85
Hissar	90.4	58.2	53	..	15.43	+4.24
Ambala	90.3	65.5	65	..	20.56	+5.19
Delhi	88.0	—	55	..	21.75	—1.44
UNITED PROVINCES						
Agra	91.8	66.0	55	..	27.18	×3 25
Mainpuri	89.7	62.7	61	..	33.20	+9 82
Jhansi	91 3	62 1	51	..	25.89	+1.46
Cawnpore	89.2	66.2	61	..	45.06	+16.28
Allahabad	91.6	66.8	76	..	43.91	+7.96
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	94.8	64.0	35	..	0	—2.17
Karachi	81.6	69.6	89	..	1.77	—4.15
Ajmer	89.6	63.8	61	..	12.76	—3.33
Jaipur	91.8	62.6	50	..	16.24	—5.88
Kotah	92.6	68.0	45	..	26.39	+2.05
Mount Abu	76 6	61.4	49	..	50.80	—5.61
GUJRAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA—						
West—						
Bhuj	93 0	67.6	66	..	10.21	—3.22
Dwarka	88.4	72.5	82	..	8.18	—5.43
Veraval	86.9	70.1	81	..	10.39	—7.95
Rajkot	94.6	67.0	46	..	14.50	—10.30
Bhavnagar Pass	85	..	60	..	18.00	—3.66
Surat	94.6	76.8	68	..	40.36	+0.07
Ahmedabad	95.0	72.5	49	..	27.60	+0.82
Deesa	94.2	66.2	51	..	27.84	+4.12
Neemuch	89 0	65.0	33	..	27.16	+10.57
Indore	89.4	69.1	43	..	32.29	—3.06
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	86.9	62.0	78	..	58.92	+9.58
Saugor	89.0	65.0	34	..	45.35	+4.87
Hoseangabad	89.1	67.6	62	..	39.30	—5.95
Khandwa	92.4	74.0	15	..	30.12	—6.44
Akola	92 6	74.4	53	..	39.58	+1 94
Amraoti	94 8	73 5	65	0.12	37.79	—1.69
Nagpur	91.9	72.8	49	..	40.02	—3.72
Chanda	91.1	75.8	83	..	48.98	+1.49
Raipur	89.7	72.1	70	..	46.16	+3 38
KONKAN—						
Bombay	87.4	77.6	84	..	70.31	+1.38
Ratnagiri	86.1	73.1	70	0.17	56.40	+0.05
Marmugao	92.2	75.1	93	..	87.16	+8.12
Karwar	91.8	74.0	86	0.89	103 77	—8.20
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	93.9	70.8	65	..	19.10	—9 71
Ahmednagar	95 4	68.9	74	0.02	9.92	—8.89
Poona	94.0	69 3	64	0.30	16.38	—5 85
Sholapur	89.5	69.8	72	0.03	12.53	—10 96
Bijapur	86.5	69.5	84	..	7.35	—8.24
Belgaum	82.1	65.8	85	0.18	37.08	—3 84
Aurangabad	91.7	70.8	68	..	22 81	—0.92
Nizamabad (Indur)	87.6	70.5	78	0 30	26.66	—7.87
Hyderabad	87.8	71.6	72	..	17.33	—8.21
MADRAS INCLUDING MALABAR AND MYSORE—						
Mangalore	86.2	74.8	82	0.06	112 97	+10.82
Calicut	89.6	75.0	93	..	129 55	+11.12
Cochin	84.7	76 0	79	..	85.56	+6 36
Colombo	87.8	71.7	75	0 59	35.78	—8.10
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	86.9	73.8	89	0 60	16.60	—8.31
Bellary	90 5	71.1	71	0.06	6 21	—6. 4
Cuddapah	91.8	70.2	76	0 09	13.42	—7.08
Madras	92.1	77.1	87	0 06	11.31	—6.96
Bangalore	84 0	68.8	85	1.73	37.60	—4.71
Coimbatore	91 0	69 7	84	0 51	4.76	—7 66
Trichin	85.9	74 5	77	..	8.04	—5.78
Negapa	80 5	78.8	77	..	12.31	+0 30

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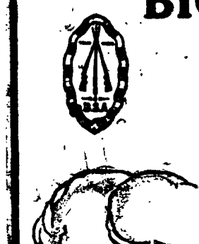

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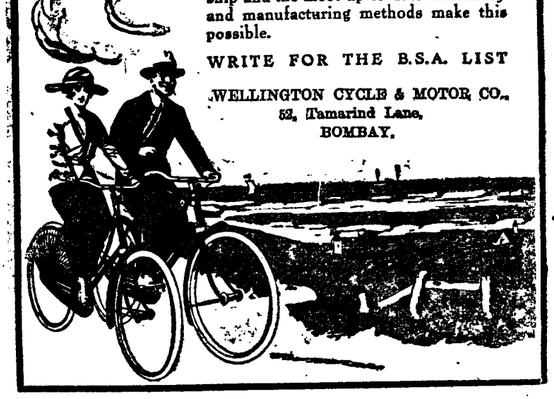

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INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

At a meeting of the citizens of Hyderabad (Sind) a resolution condemning the policy pursued by the present Collector and District Magistrate of Hyderabad in connection with Municipal and other matters was passed and a Committee appointed to investigate matters and give them wide publicity.

Under the auspices of the Anjumane Islam, Rajapur, a huge meeting was held in Juma Masjid, in order to congratulate victories achieved by them over the Ghazi Mustafa Kemal Pasha, and the Mujaheedins of Angora, upon their brilliant victories achieved by them over the atro-Greek army. Moulana Sha Saifuddin exhorted the public to help the Khilafat cause in order to save the honour of Islam. After prayers the meeting was dispersed.—(A. P.)

Sheth Jamnalal Bajaj (of Bombay) has donated to the Lokmanya Shikshan Samsta, Malwan (Dist. Ratnagiri), a sum of Rs. 410-6 and has shown his appreciation of the work of national education which the institution has been carrying on.—(A.P.)

The Mazagon Holy Cross Society gave a grand dinner to 40 poor instead of 30 as promised to Our Lady of Piety, Mazagon on her feast day, the 17th ultimo.

Bhahmajosyula Lalshminarsamma lady worker aged sixty-six who since her son Doctor Subrahmanyam's incarceration has been doing excellent work in popularising Khadi was prohibited from holding any meetings or delivering any speeches or carrying any processions for two months by the Nellore Sub-Magistrate who apprehends breach of peace.

The Government have appointed a strong committee consisting of municipal representatives, technical and administrative officers under the presidency of the Director of Public Health to recommend measures for the eradication of plague in the Rawalpindi City where the disease has frequently assumed the proportions of a severe epidemic threatning the province as a whole.

Colonel J. Deeraj Urs, M. V. O., C. I. E., of Mysore Royal Family, retired Chief Commandant, Mysore Troops, who had seen distinguished services during the great war, died on the 8th inst. at the age of sixty-four.

The Reception Committee has decided to hold the adjourned annual Conference of Members of the Tilak Swaraj Sanghs or the Home Rule League at Yeotmal on December 9th and 10th.

The Calcutta police arrested H. E. Lyle, who is wanted in Bombay on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 400 in which Messrs. Mausel, Plydell are complainants. The accused was directed to be sent to Bombay under police escort.

The Berar Provincial Marwari Agrawal Conference was held at Wardhaganj on the 2nd and 3rd instant, Shriyut Ramjas Rayji of Jharia presiding. Two important resolutions amongst others, one relating to the Akali movement and the other congratulating the Ameer of Kabul for stopping cow-slaughtering in his Kingdom were passed.

TRAMWAY STRIKE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is in the interest of the public that I feel inclined to take upon myself to bring the Tramway strike to an amicable settlement. It is, no doubt, a difficult problem. But, having had practical experience in the setttlement of labour strikes since October 1917, I know how to play my part and guard the interests of the Employees. I have no fault to find with Mr. C. Lucas, Traffic Manager of the Tramway Co., nor with Shriyut Laxmidas Tairsee, whom I have known for the past 20 years and more, as a playmate from the Hindu Gymkhana, and for the few years as a co-worker in the Labour welfare line. Shriyut Laxmidas Tairsee and myself were mainly responsible for amicably settling the "Times Press Strike" in July 1920. He was of much use to me in the settlement of Postal and Telegraph strike, and laterly in getting several Telegraph men employed in the Tramway Coy. as conductors by arranging for deposit amount of Rs. 20 per man. Mr. Lucas is well aware of the fact, I therefore appeal to Mr. Lucas and to Shriyut Laxmidas to approve of the idea of "Arbitration" for amicable settlement.—Yours, etc.

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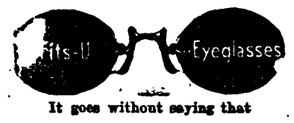

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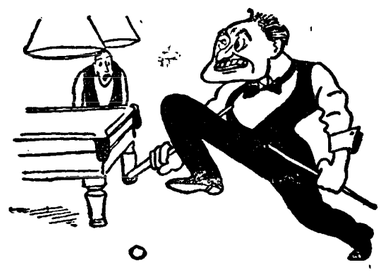

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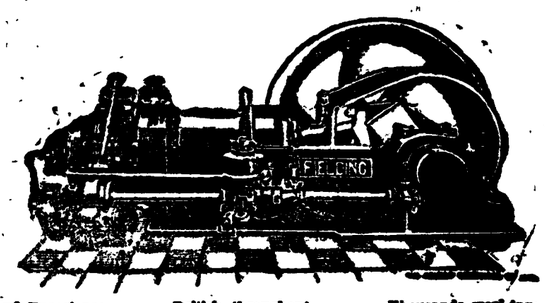

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